

NUTRIMETABOLÓMICA

Hacia una nutrición personalizada



ciberfes

Dr. Tomás Meroño

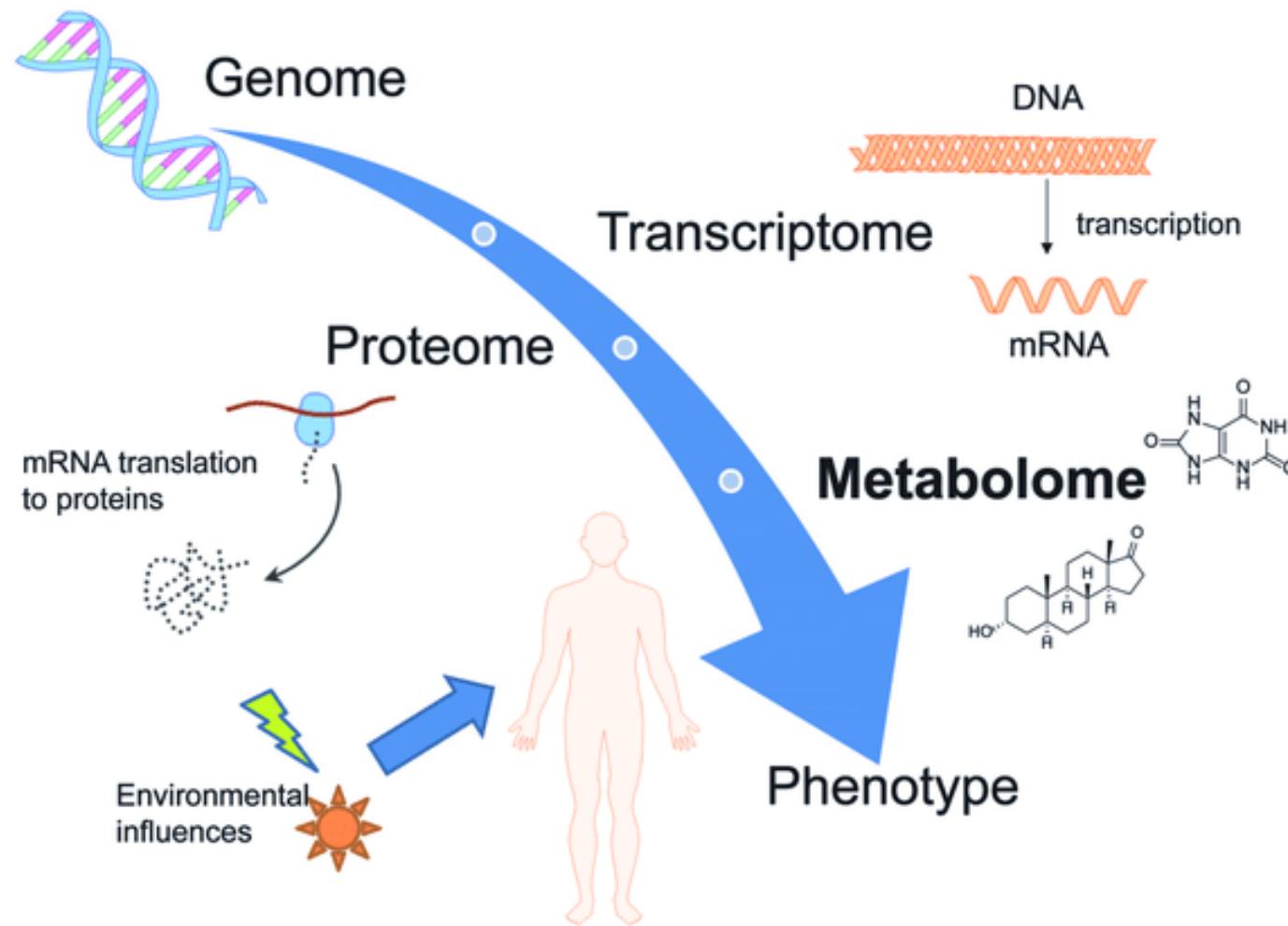
Ómicas

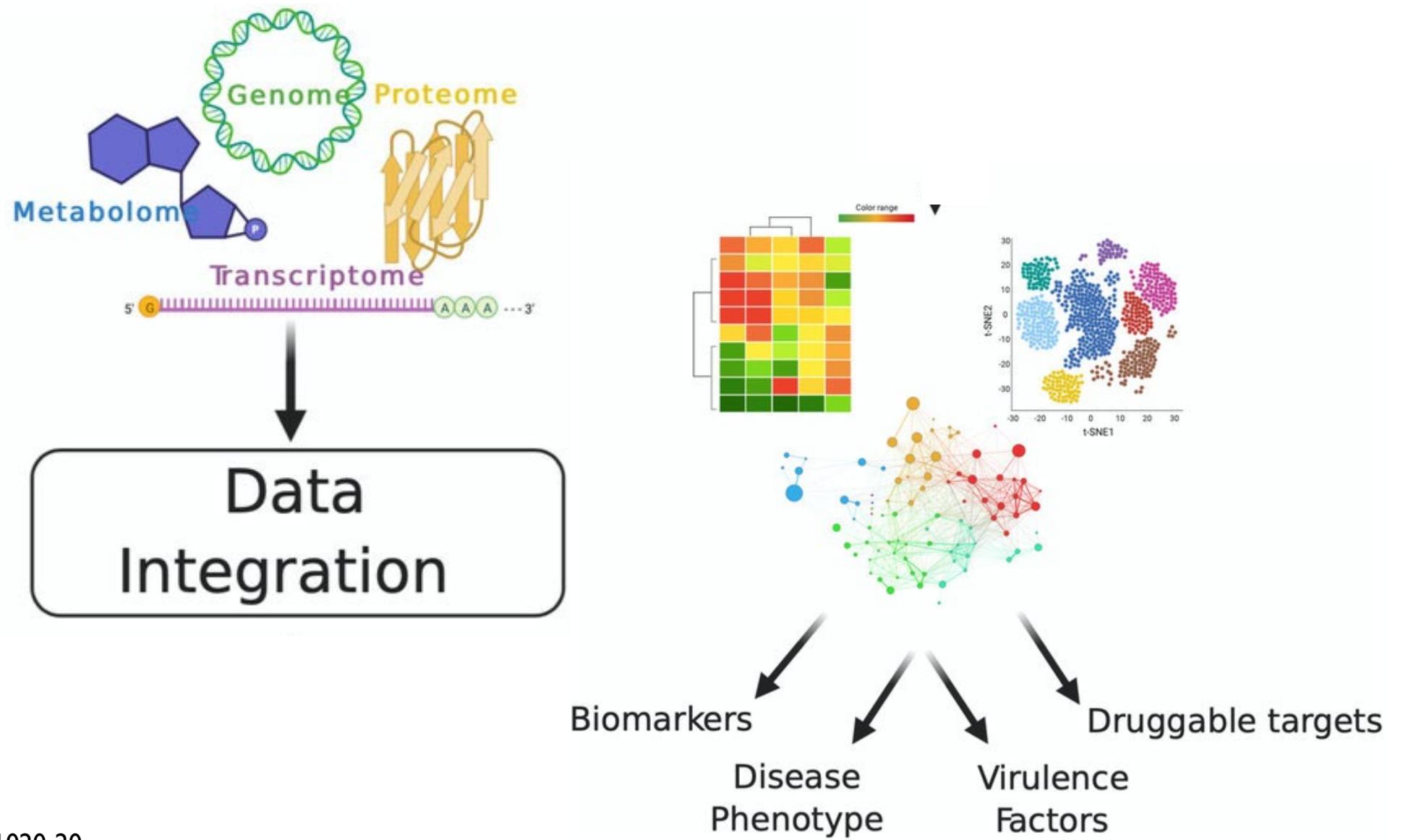
Introducción

Biología de sistemas



ÓMICAS





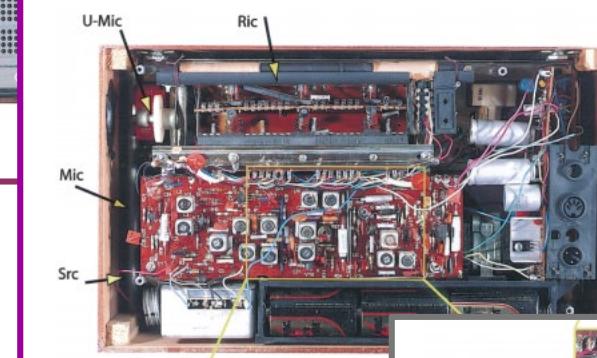
BIOLOGÍA DE SISTEMAS

Can a biologist fix a radio?—Or, what I learned while studying apoptosis

Lazebnik, Cancer Cell, 2002

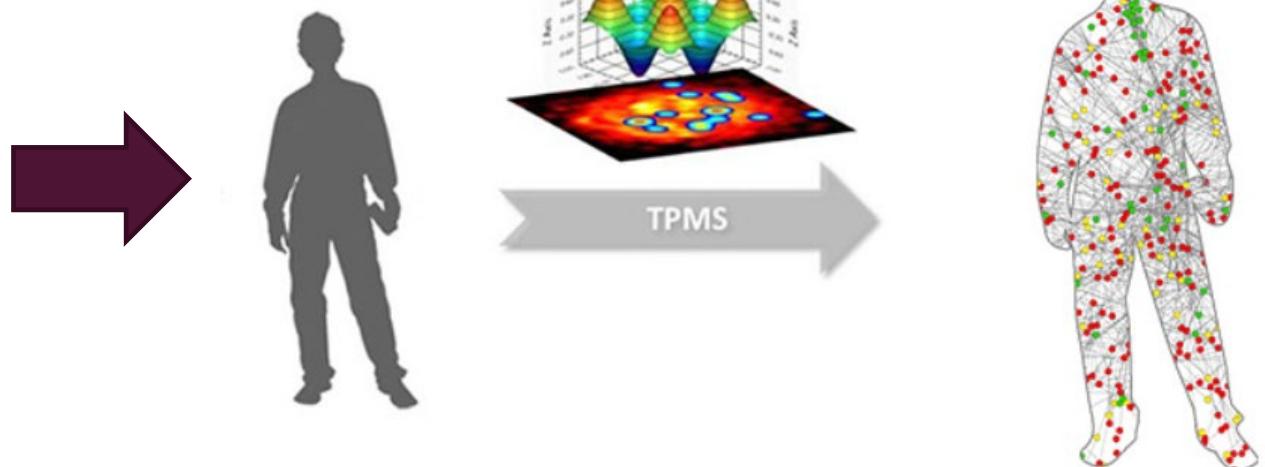
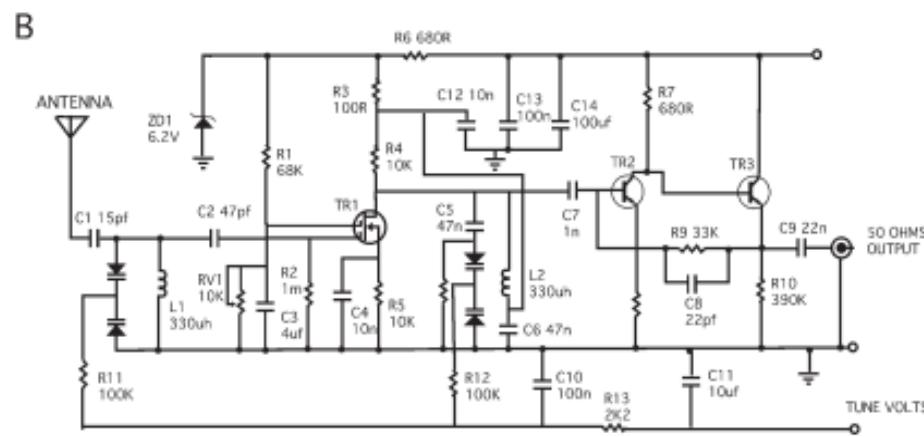
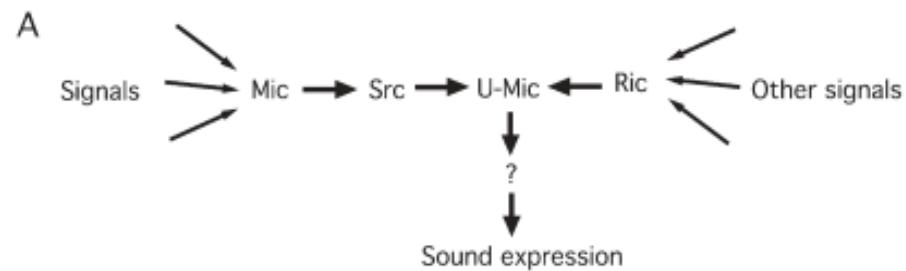


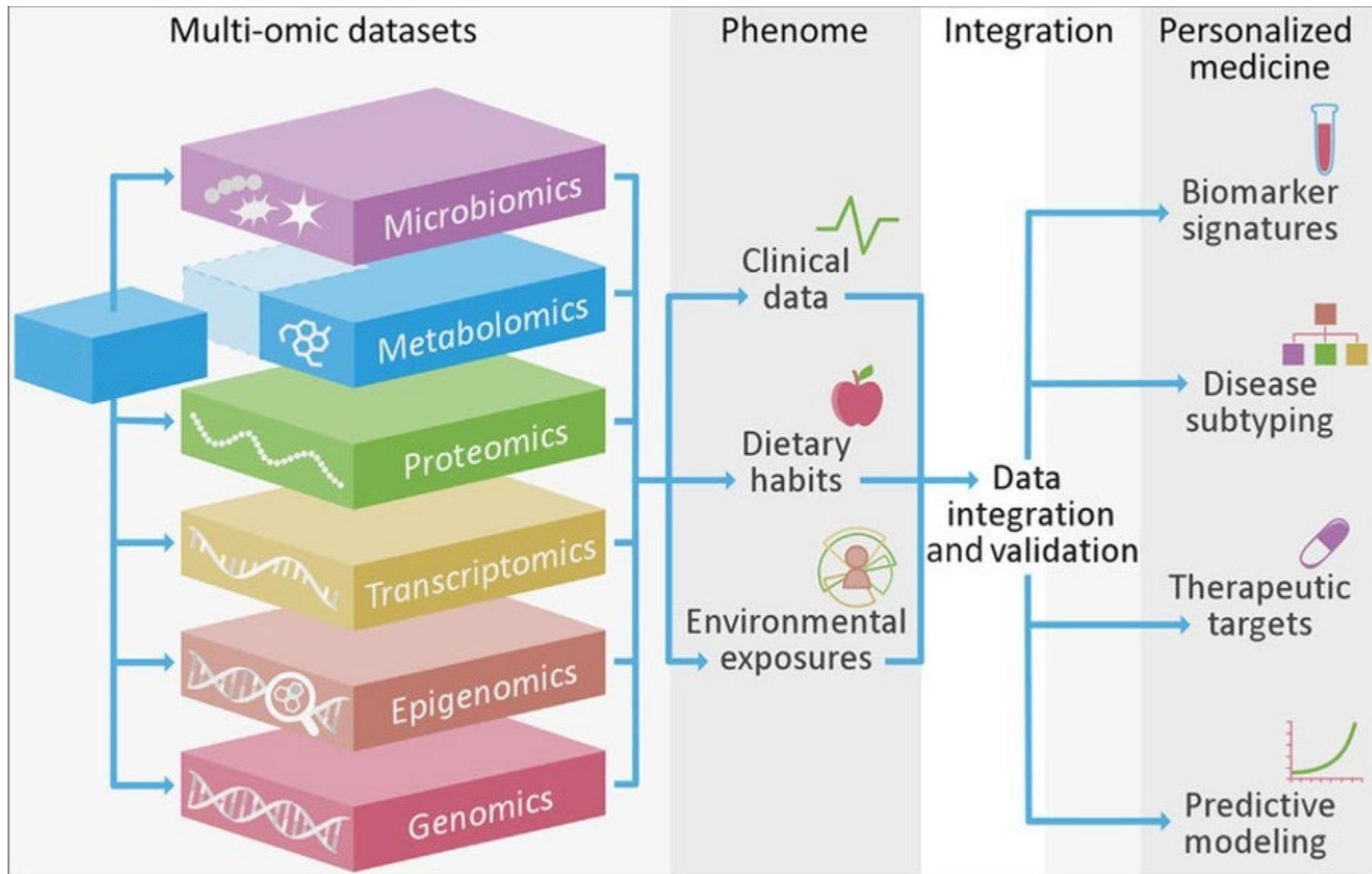
Figure 1. The radio that has been used in this study



Can a biologist fix a radio?—Or, what I learned while studying apoptosis

Lazebnik, Cancer Cell, 2002





Ómicas

Introducción

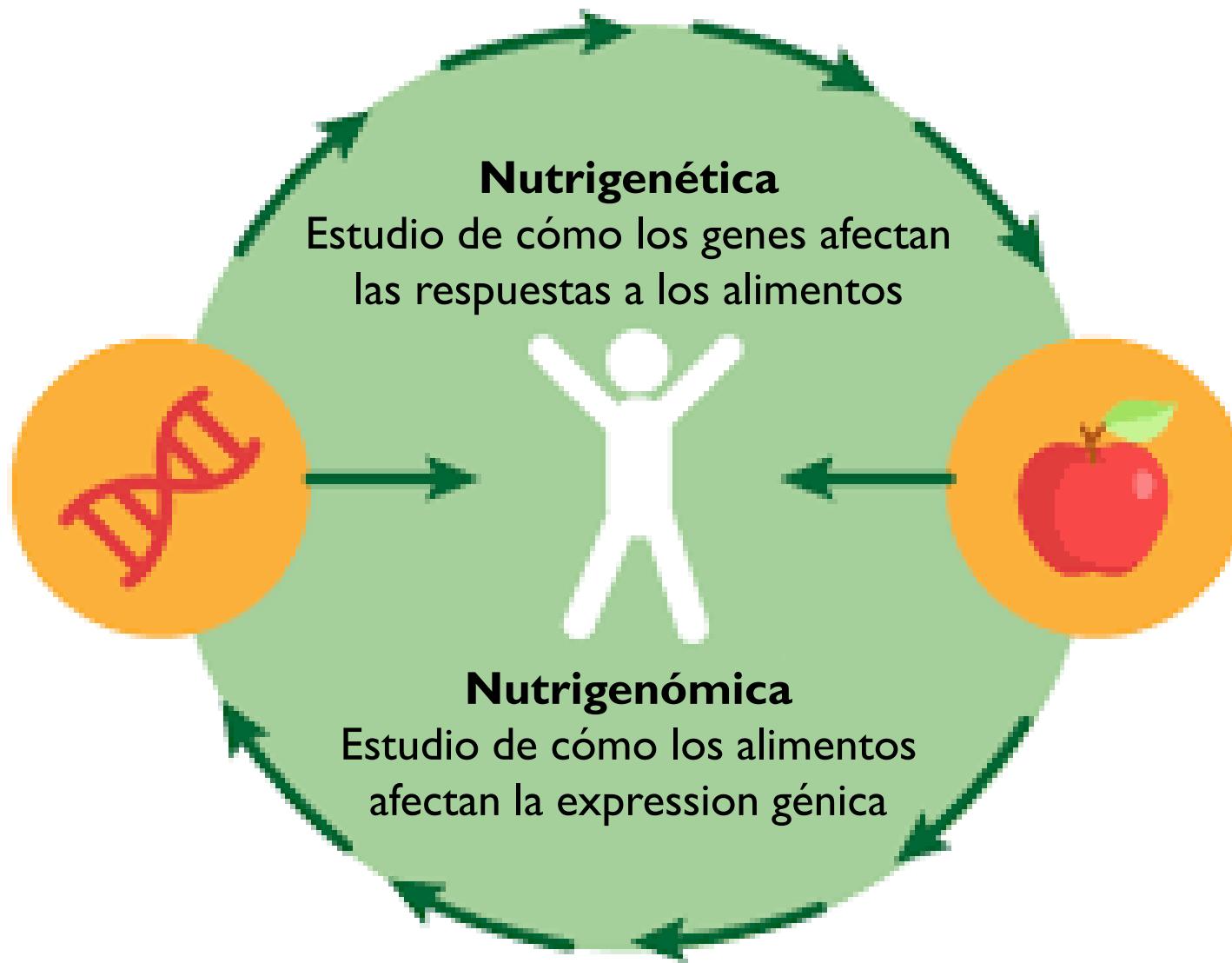
Biología de sistemas

Ómicas en Nutrición

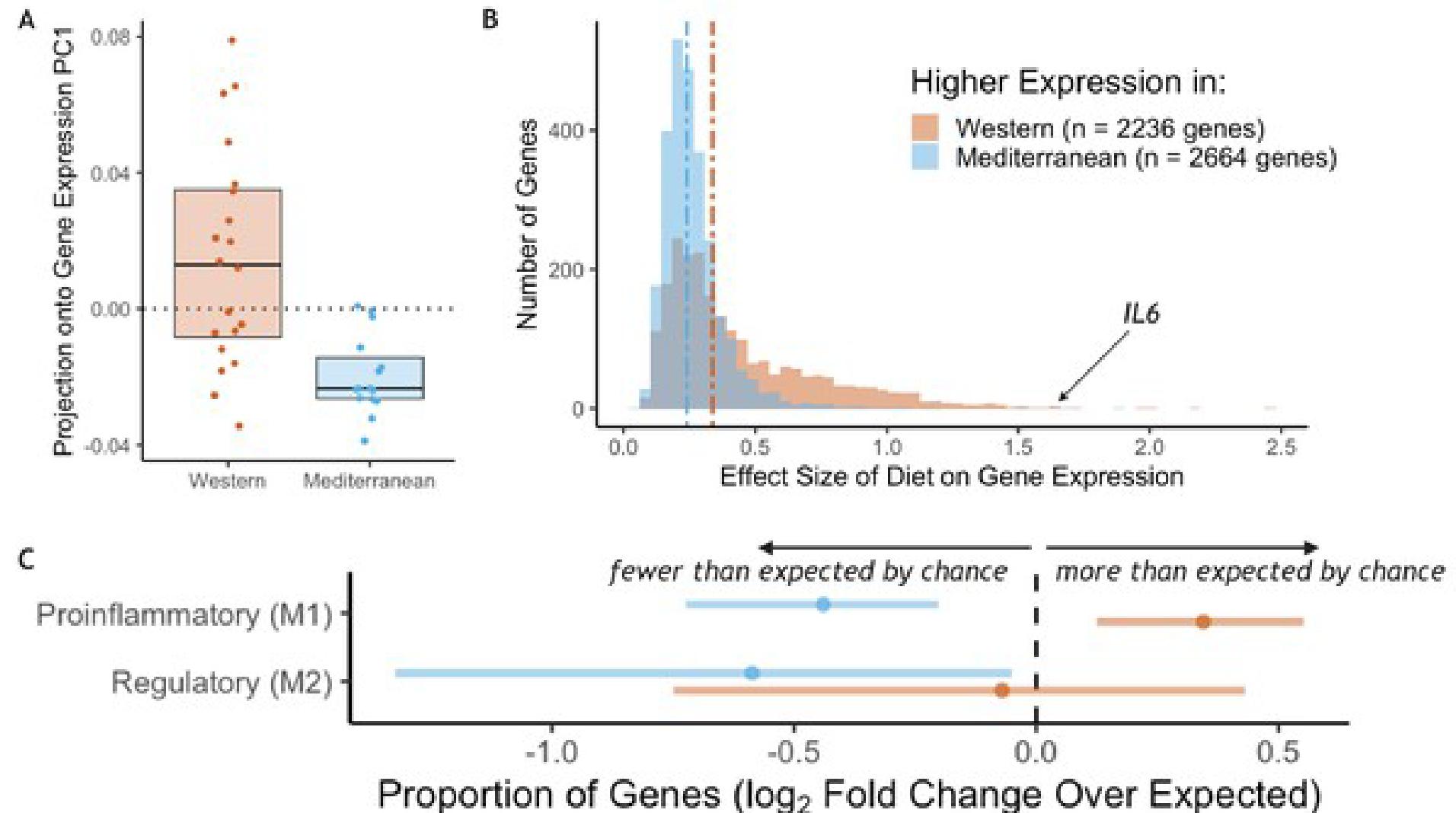
Nutriogenómica
Metabolómica
Exposoma



ÓMICAS EN NUTRICIÓN



La dieta occidental se asoció a una mayor expression de genes proinflamatorios (n=35)



PROTEÓMICA

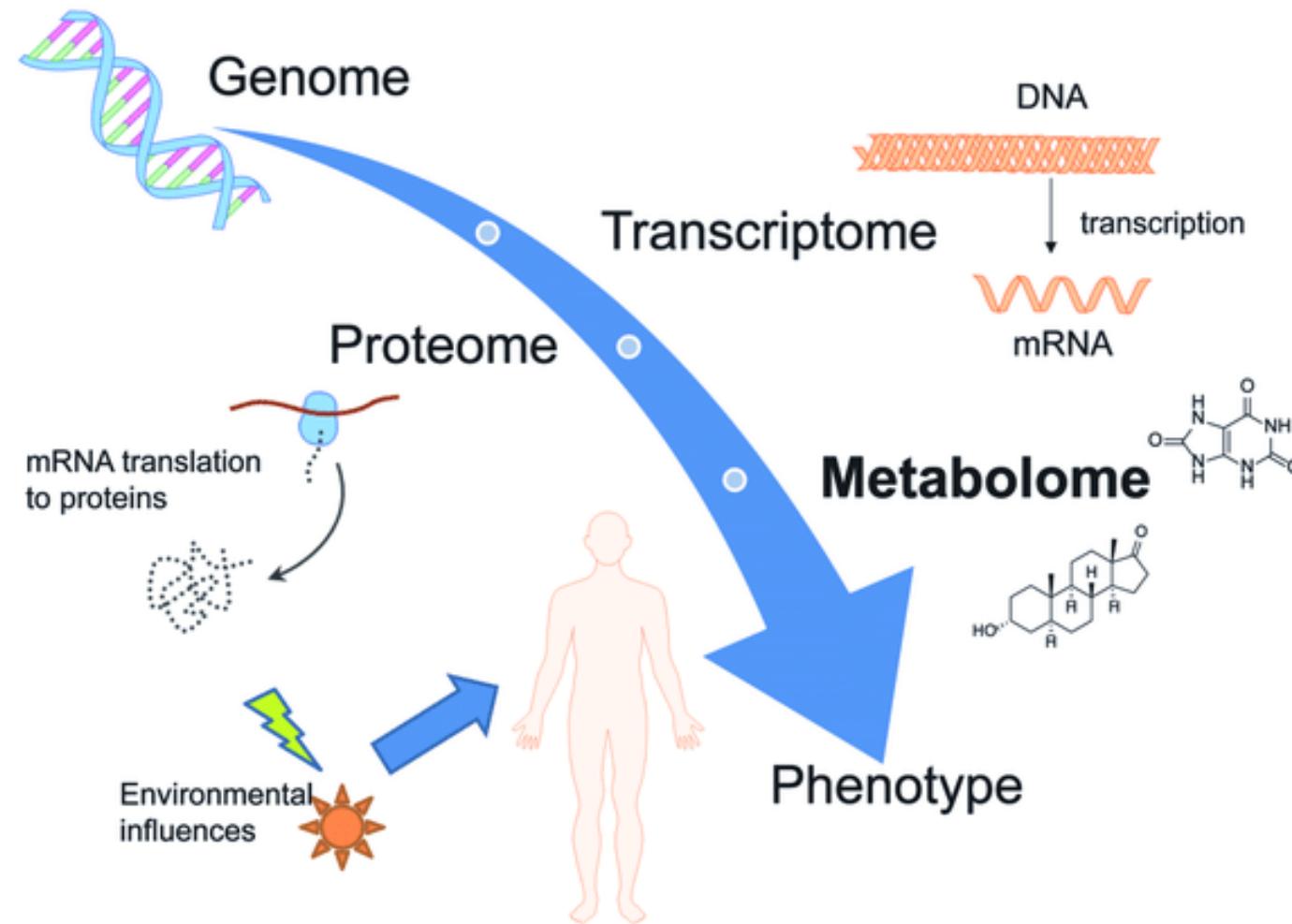
Análisis de biomarcadores de enfermedades nutricionales



Análisis de compuestos bioactivos



METABOLÓMICA

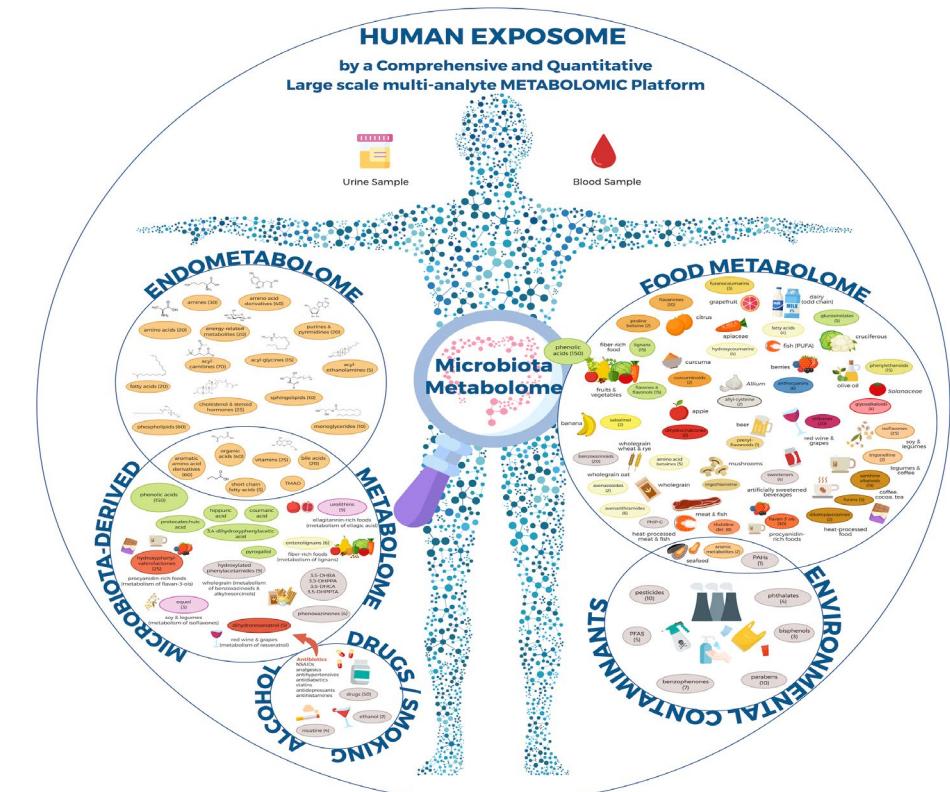


CARACTERÍSTICAS

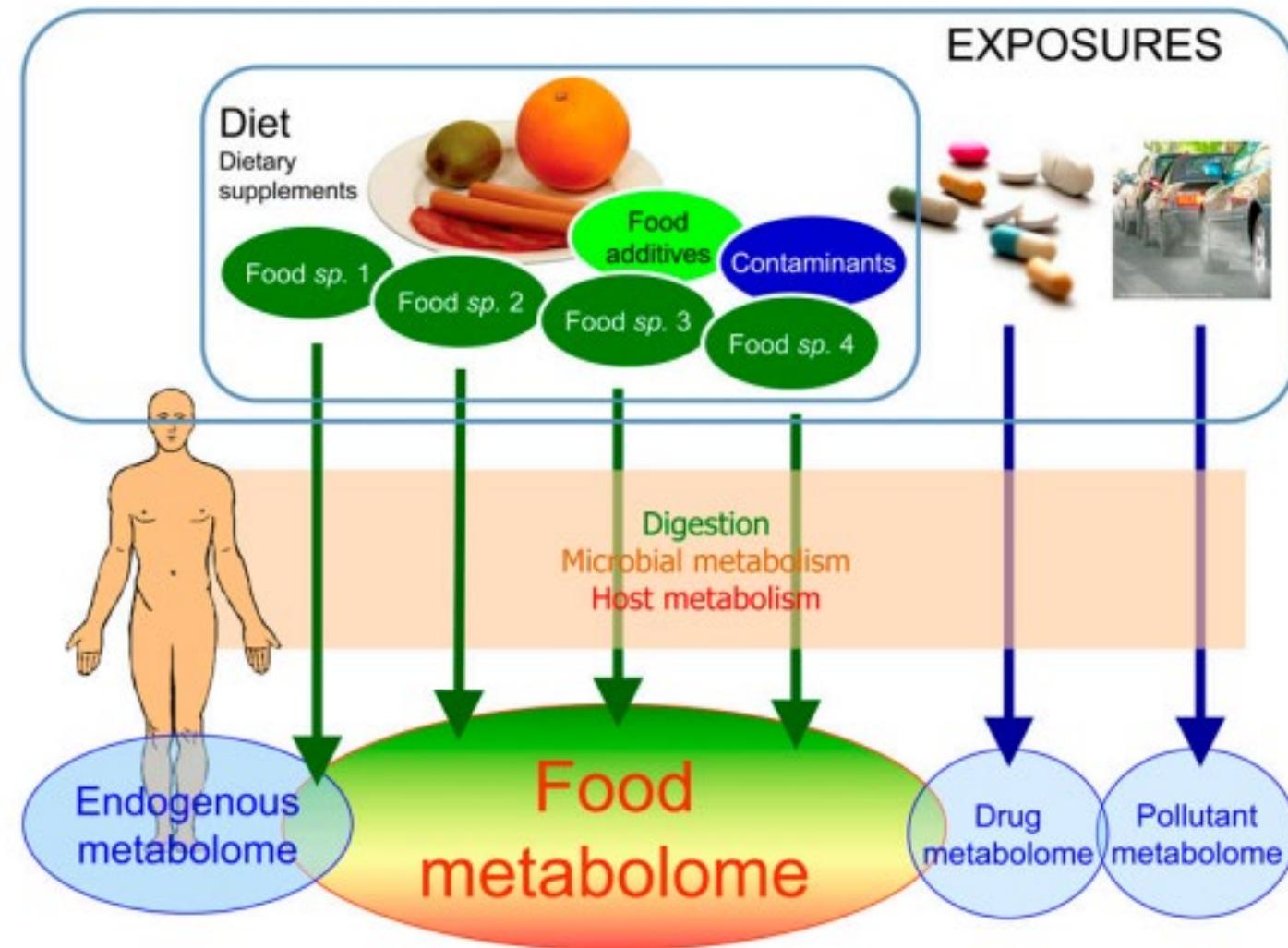
- Análisis de todas las moléculas de bajo peso molecular presentes en una muestra biológica.
- Resultado de la expresión génica, y de la acción de las enzimas sobre diversos sustratos.
- Altamente conservado entre las especies.

COMPONENTES

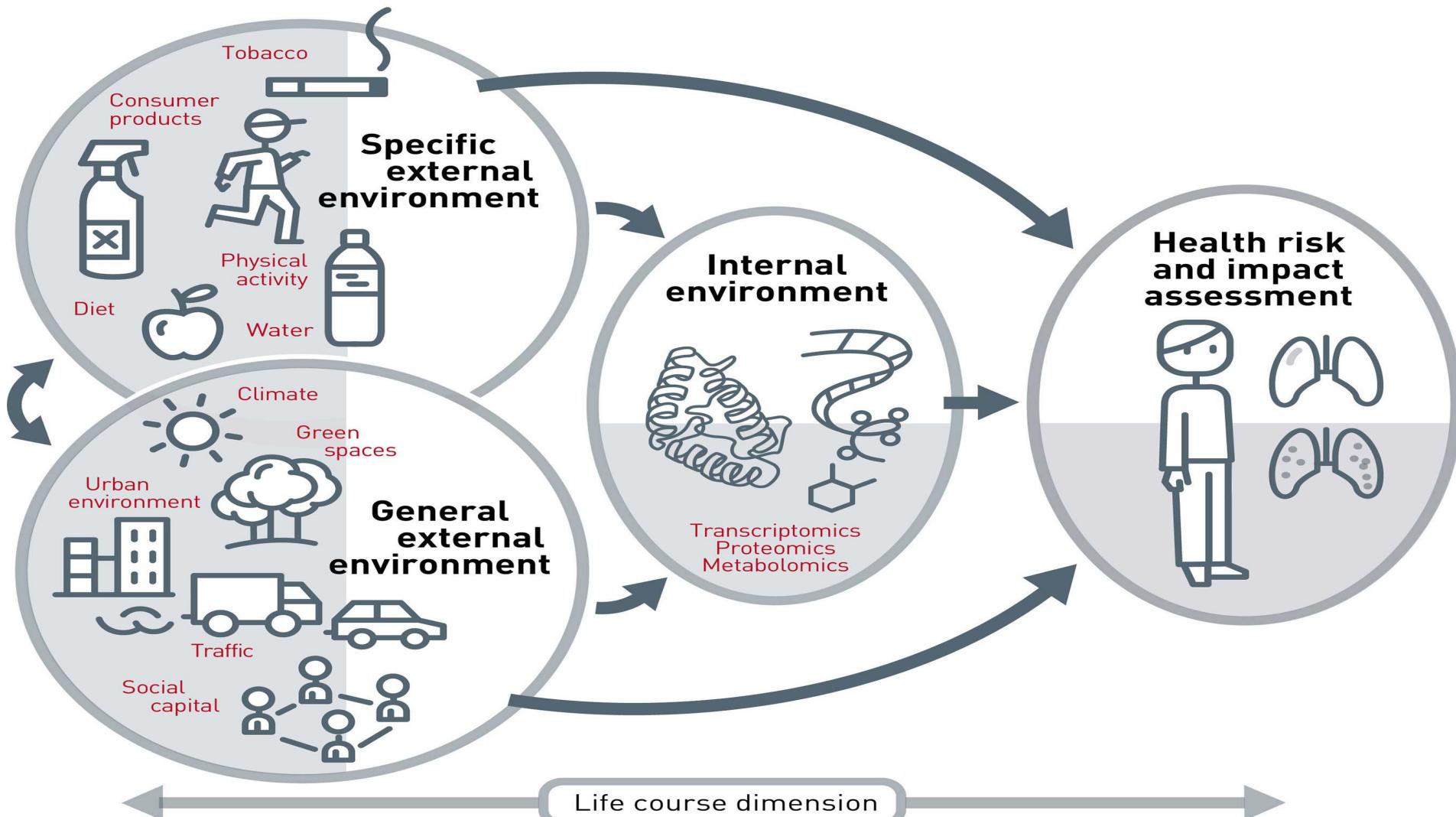
- Endometabolome
- Xenometabolome
- Food metabolome



METABOLOMA HUMANO



EXPOSOMA Y DESARROLLO DE ENFERMEDADES



Ómicas

Introducción

Biología de sistemas

Ómicas en Nutrición

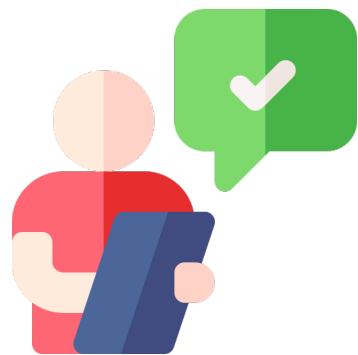
Nutriogenómica
Metabolómica
Exposoma

Nutrimetabolómica

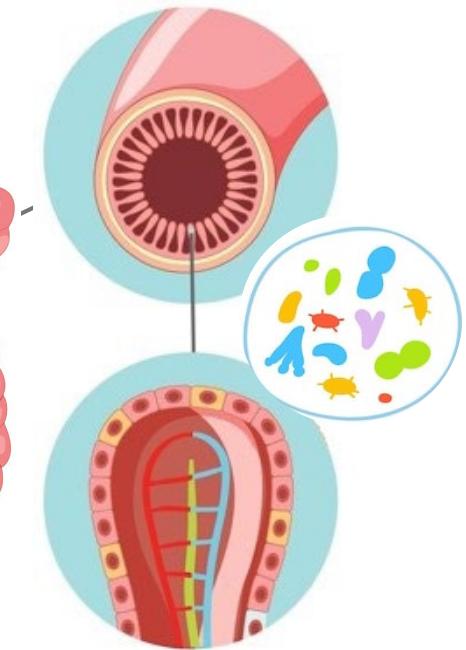
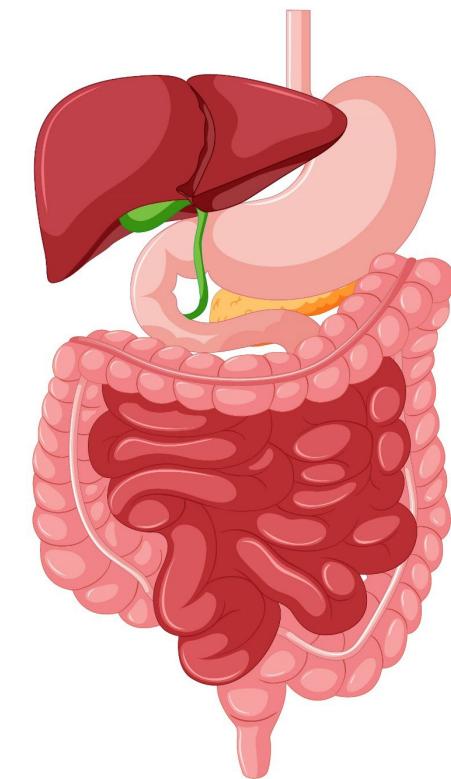
Definición
Áreas de estudio

DESAFÍOS EN NUTRICIÓN

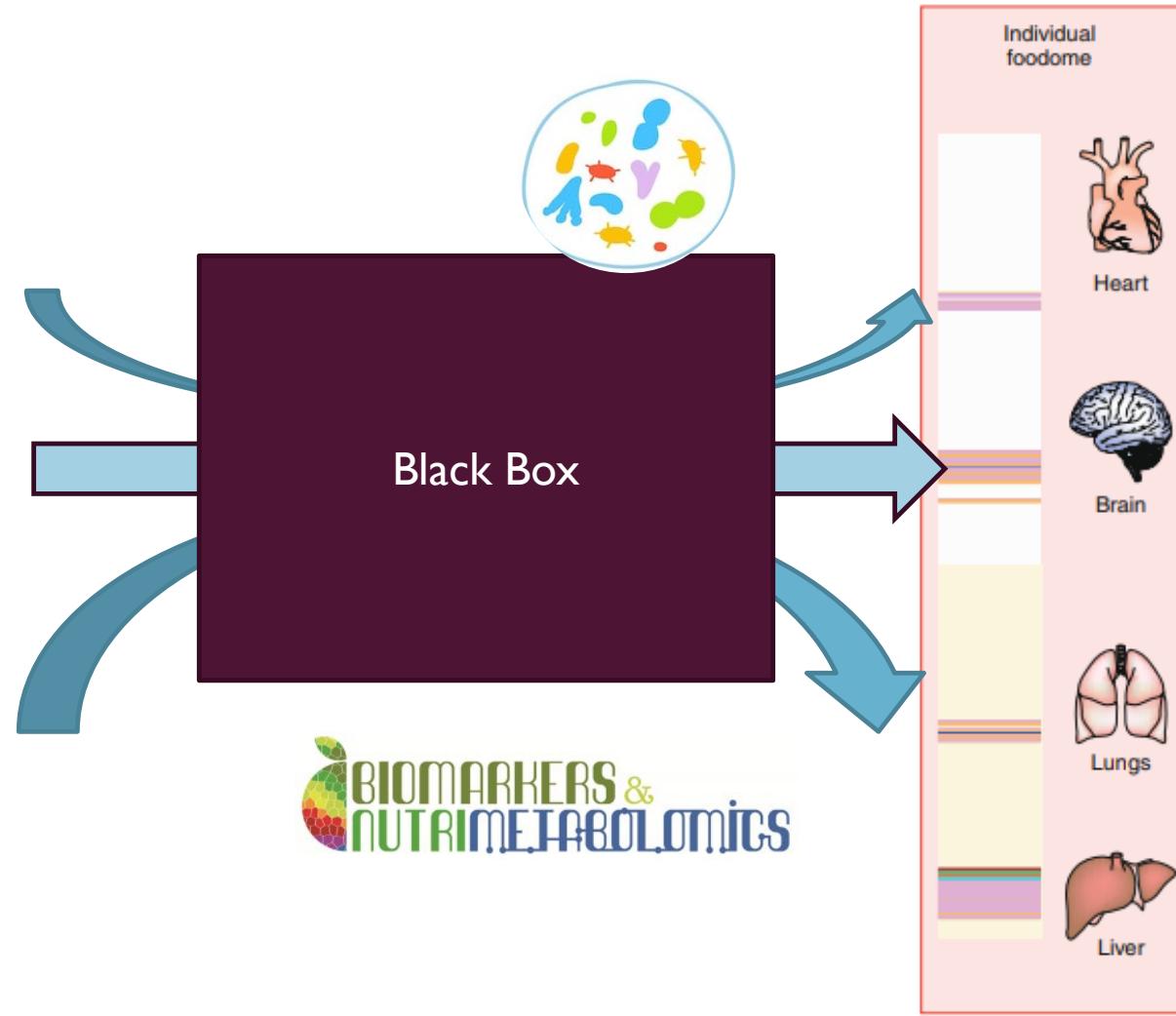
Dietary assessment



Interindividual variability

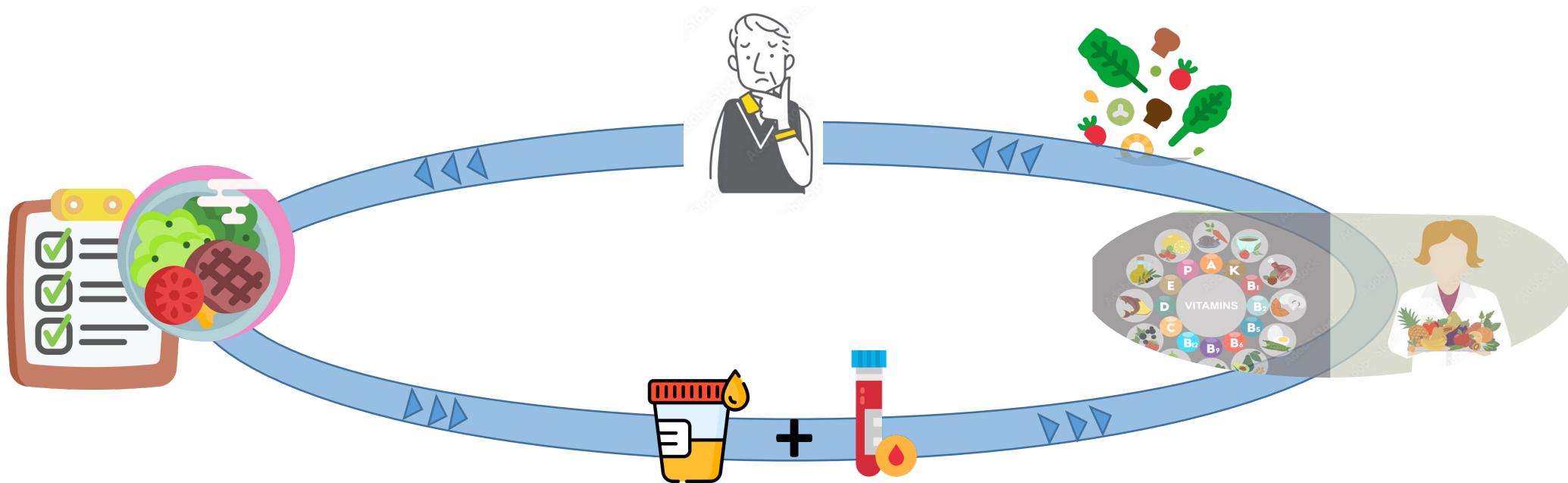


DESAFÍOS EN NUTRICIÓN



LÍNEAS DE INVESTIGACIÓN

- Metabolitos específicos podrían ser marcadores objetivos de la ingesta.
- Los metabolitos serían un mejor indicador de las relaciones nutrición x salud al tener en cuenta factores intraindividuales que condicionan los efectos de los alimentos y sus componentes.



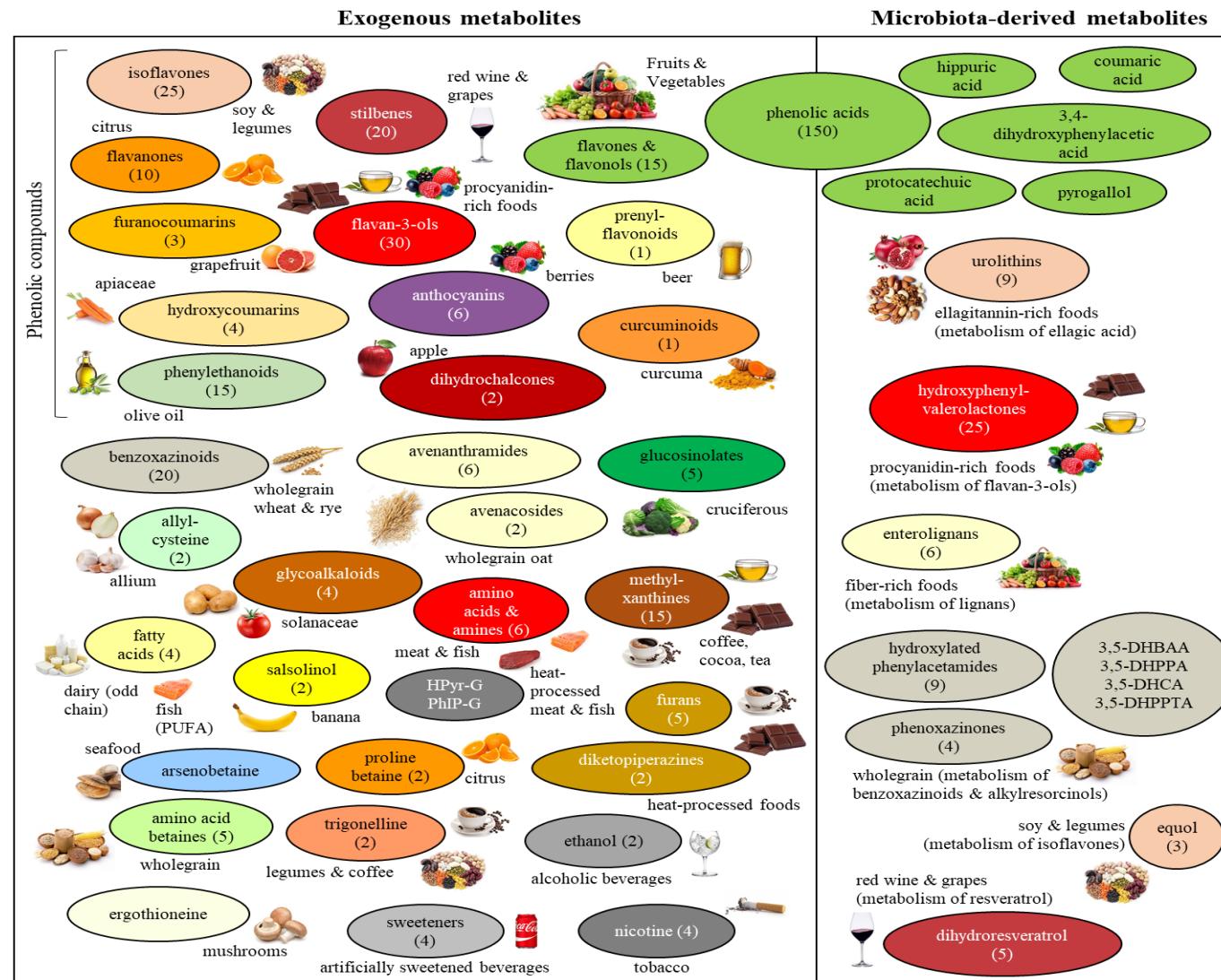
LÍNEAS DE INVESTIGACIÓN

Biomarcadores de
ingesta

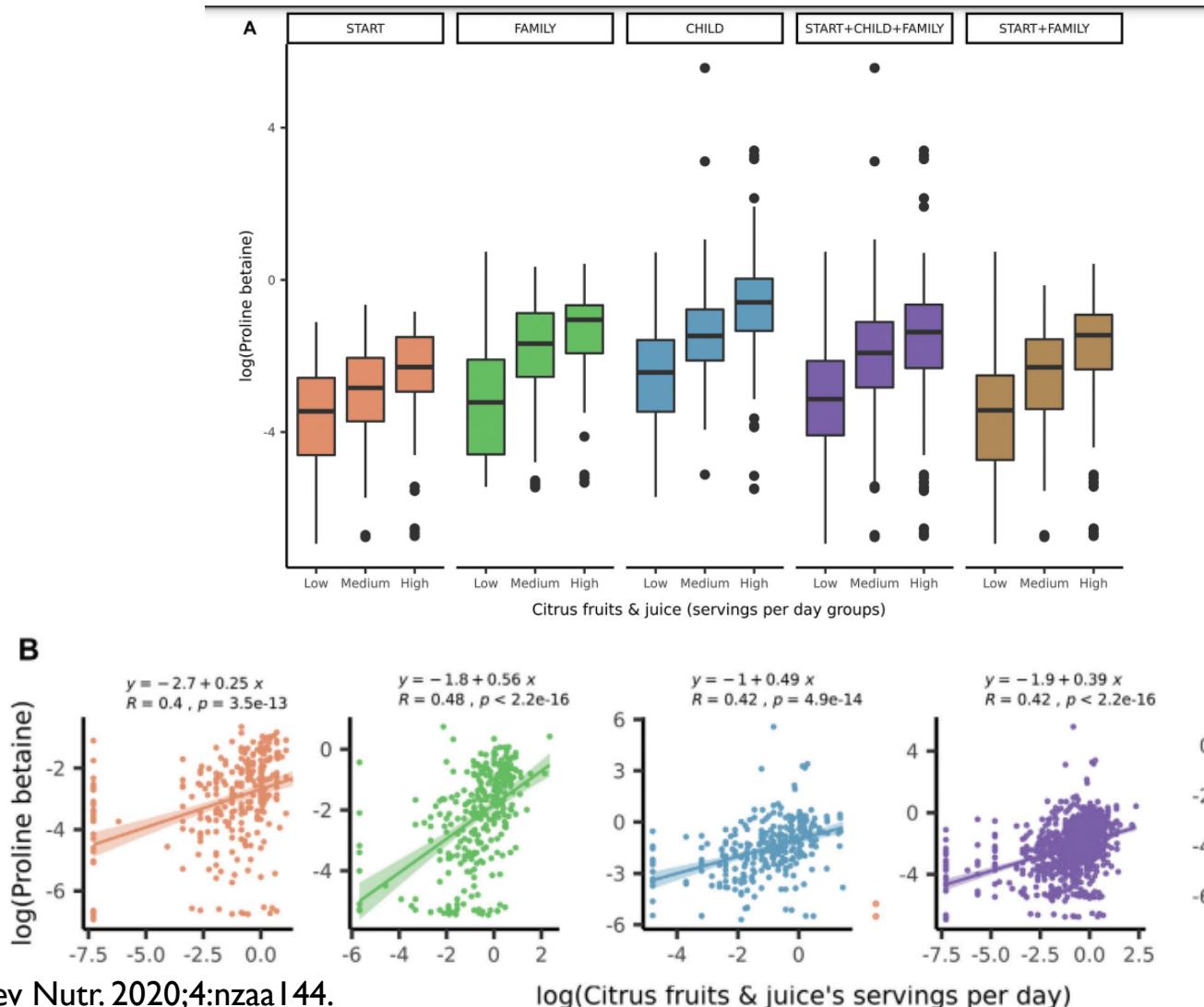
Epidemiología
nutricional

Nutrición
personalizada
(Metabotyping)

METABOLÓMICA-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA

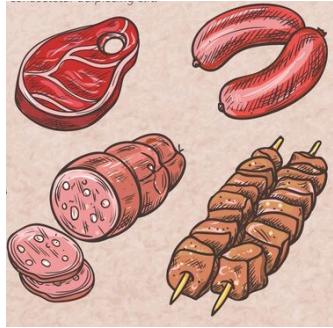


METABOLÓMICA-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA



Proline-betaine

METABOLÓMICA-BIOMARCADORES DE EFECTO



Arg, BCAA



Trp, Phe, His

Table 2. Plasma concentrations of amino acids by habitual diet group^a

	Geometric mean concentration (95% confidence interval), $\mu\text{mol/l}$				$P_{\text{difference}}^{\text{b}}$
	Meat-eaters (n = 98)	Fish-eaters (n = 98)	Vegetarians (n = 98)	Vegans (n = 98)	
<i>Branched-chain essential amino acids</i>					
Isoleucine	99 (94, 103) Ref.	99 (95, 103) 0	102 (97, 106) +3	96 (92, 100) -3	0.3
Leucine	205 (197, 214) Ref.	208 (200, 216) +1	210 (202, 218) +2	191 (184, 199) -7	0.005
Valine	230 (221, 239) Ref.	233 (225, 242) +1	233 (225, 242) +1	217 (209, 225) -6	0.02
<i>Other essential amino acids</i>					
Histidine	114 (110, 118) Ref.	122 (118, 126) +7	119 (115, 122) +4	117 (113, 120) +2	0.04
Lysine ^c	241 (230, 253) Ref.	242 (232, 253) +1	234 (224, 245) -3	210 (201, 219) -13	< 0.0001
Methionine	29 (28, 31) Ref.	30 (29, 31) +2	31 (30, 32) +5	27 (26, 28) -8	0.0001
Phenylalanine ^c	95 (92, 99) Ref.	101 (97, 105) +6	100 (97, 104) +5	97 (93, 101) +2	0.1
Threonine	164 (158, 170) Ref.	168 (163, 174) +3	167 (162, 173) +2	165 (159, 171) +1	0.7
Tryptophan ^{c, d}	69 (67, 72) Ref.	71 (68, 73) +2	72 (70, 74) +4	65 (63, 68) -6	0.001
<i>Non-essential amino acids</i>					
Alanine	564 (540, 590) Ref.	644 (618, 671) +14	627 (602, 654) +11	621 (595, 648) +10	0.0004
Arginine	51 (46, 57) Ref.	44 (40, 49) -14	44 (40, 49) -14	44 (39, 48) -15	0.1
Asparagine	92 (89, 95) Ref.	97 (94, 101) +6	96 (92, 99) +4	98 (95, 102) +7	0.07
Aspartate ^d	66 (62, 69)	64 (61, 67)	69 (66, 72)	69 (66, 72)	0.04

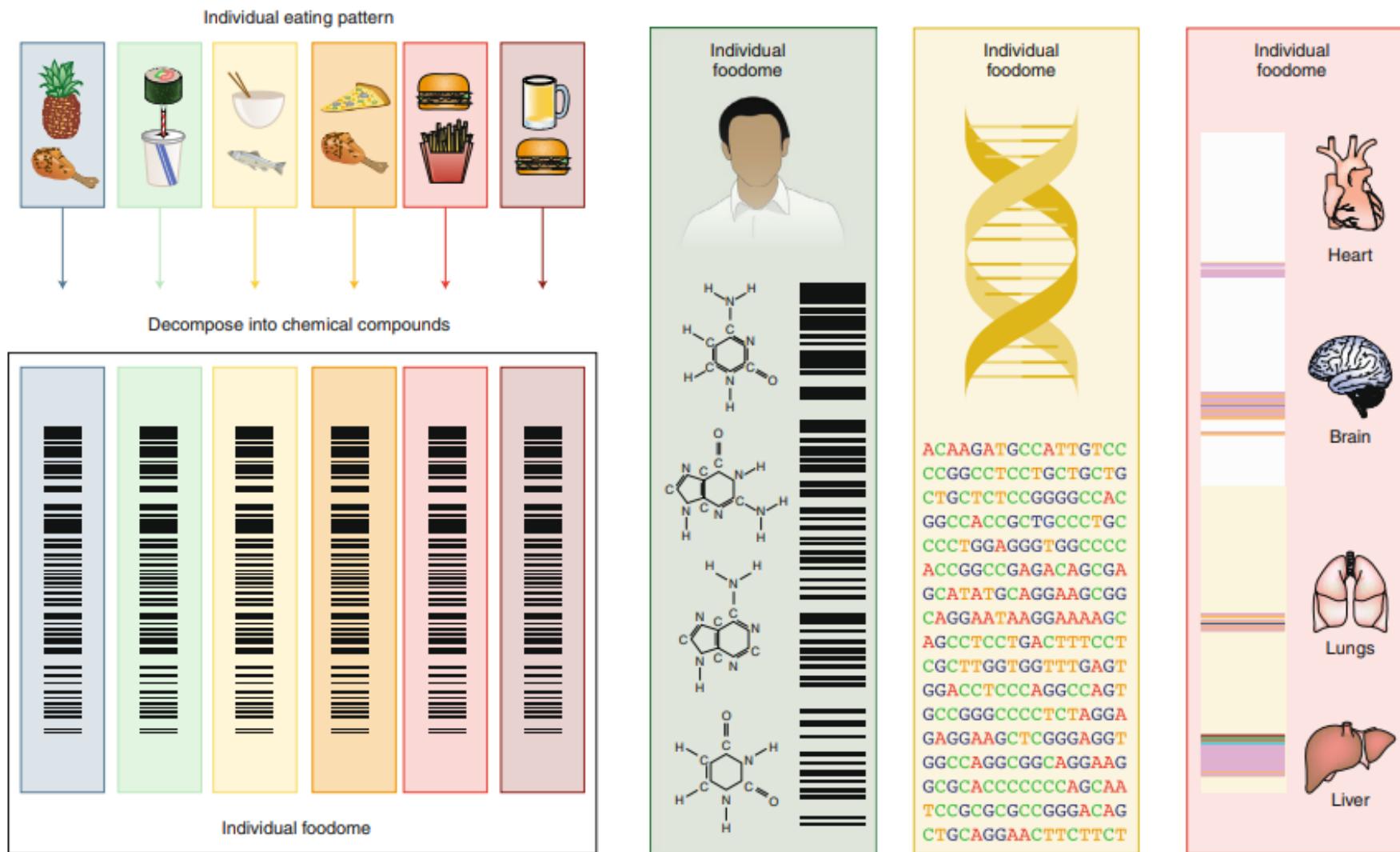


Trp, Phe



Gly

EPIDEMIOLOGÍA NUTRICIONAL



METABOTYPING

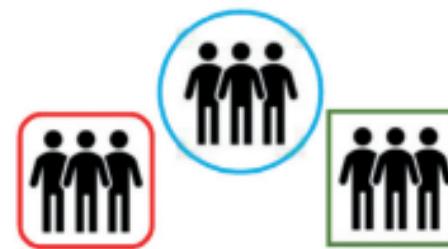
General nutrition

Group-based nutrition

Personalized nutrition



Serves to promote health and prevent disease in populations



Advice to individuals grouped into similar phenotype (metabotypes)

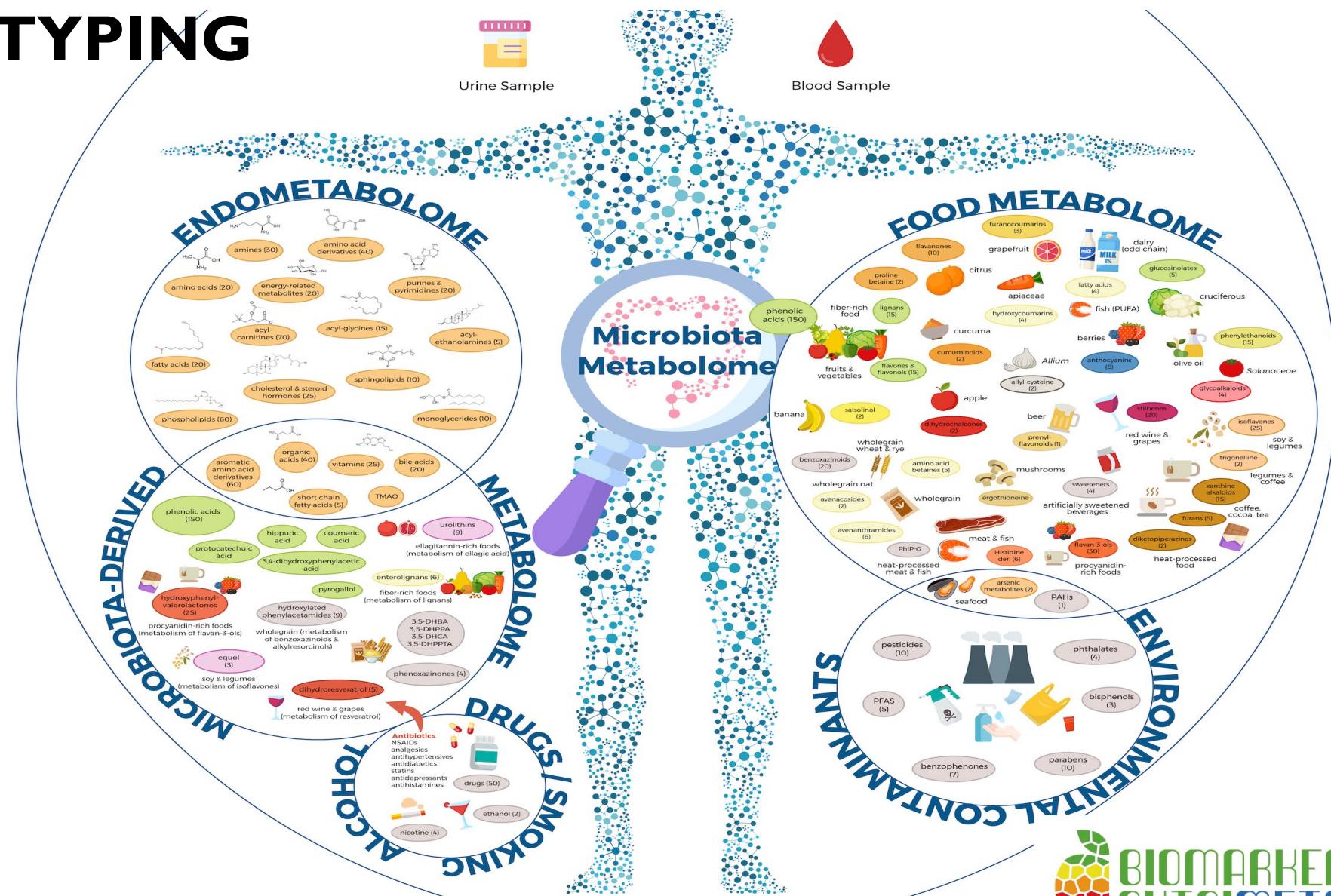


Adapted to an individual disease risk, lifestyle, and dietary preferences



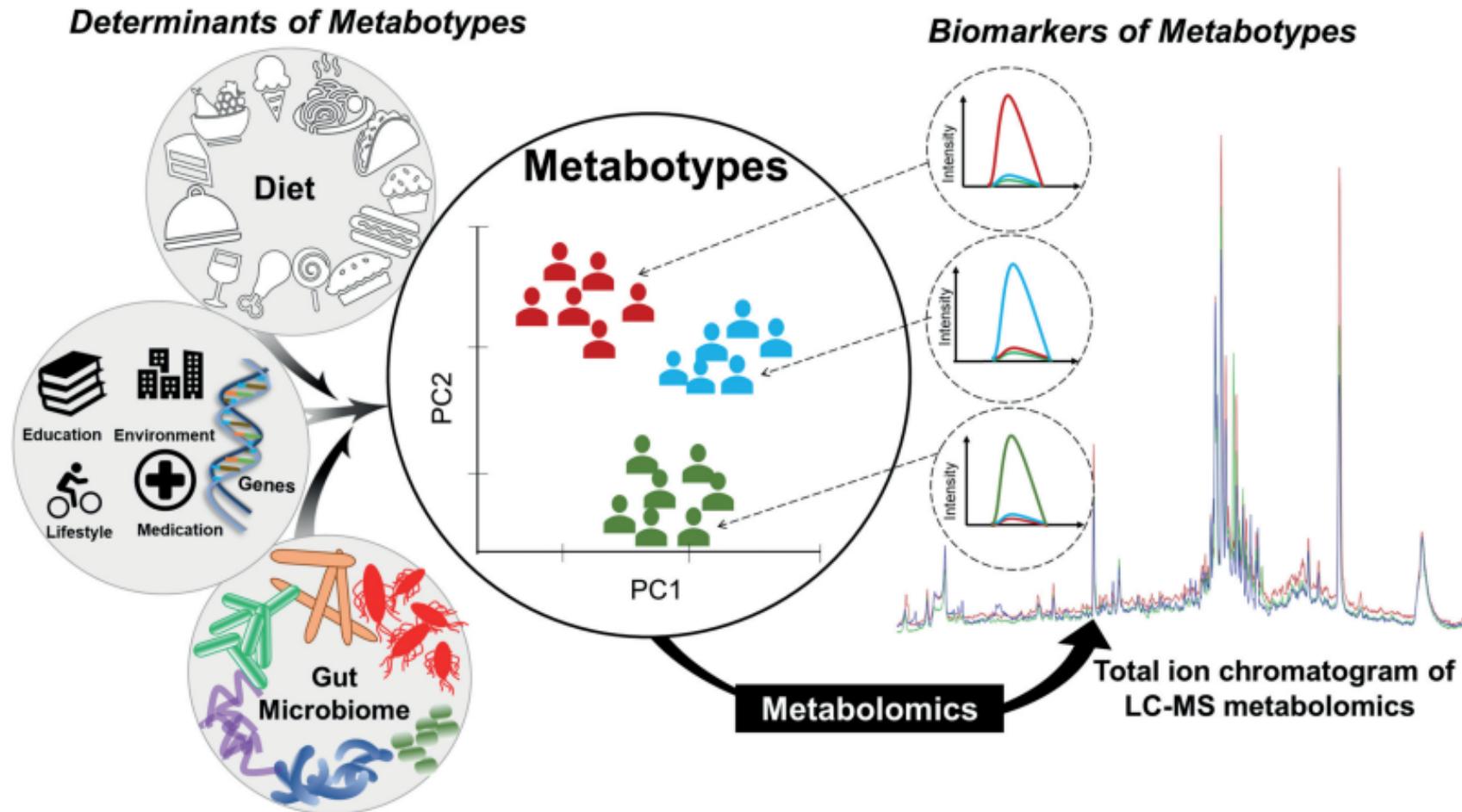
Prevention of Cardiometabolic Diseases

METABOTYPING



**BIMARKERS &
NUTRIMETABOLOMICS**

METABOTYPING



Ómicas

Introducción
Biología de sistemas

Ómicas en Nutrición

Nutriogenómica
Proteoma y nutrición
Metabolómica

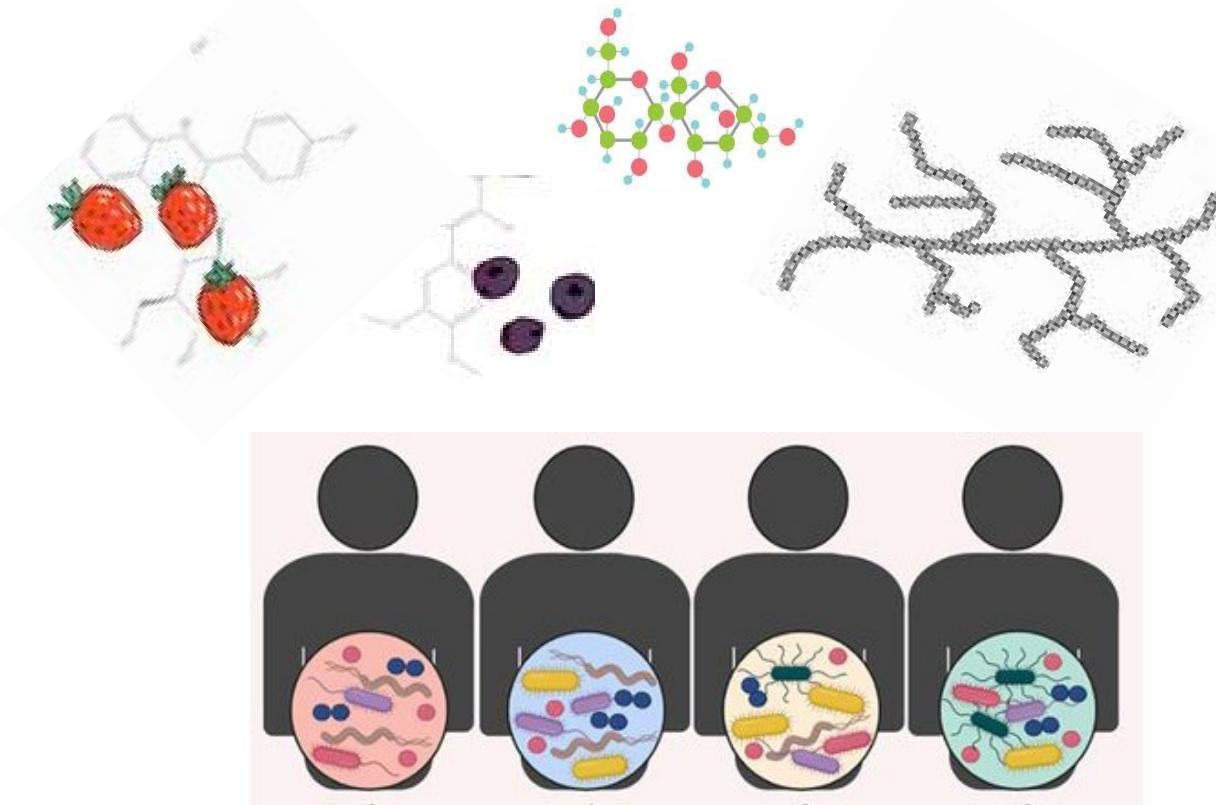
Nutrimetaboloma

Componentes
Fuentes de variación
Exposoma

Nutrición de precisión

Necesidad
Fundamento
Aplicaciones

NECESIDAD



Diferentes respuestas biológicas

Determinantes:

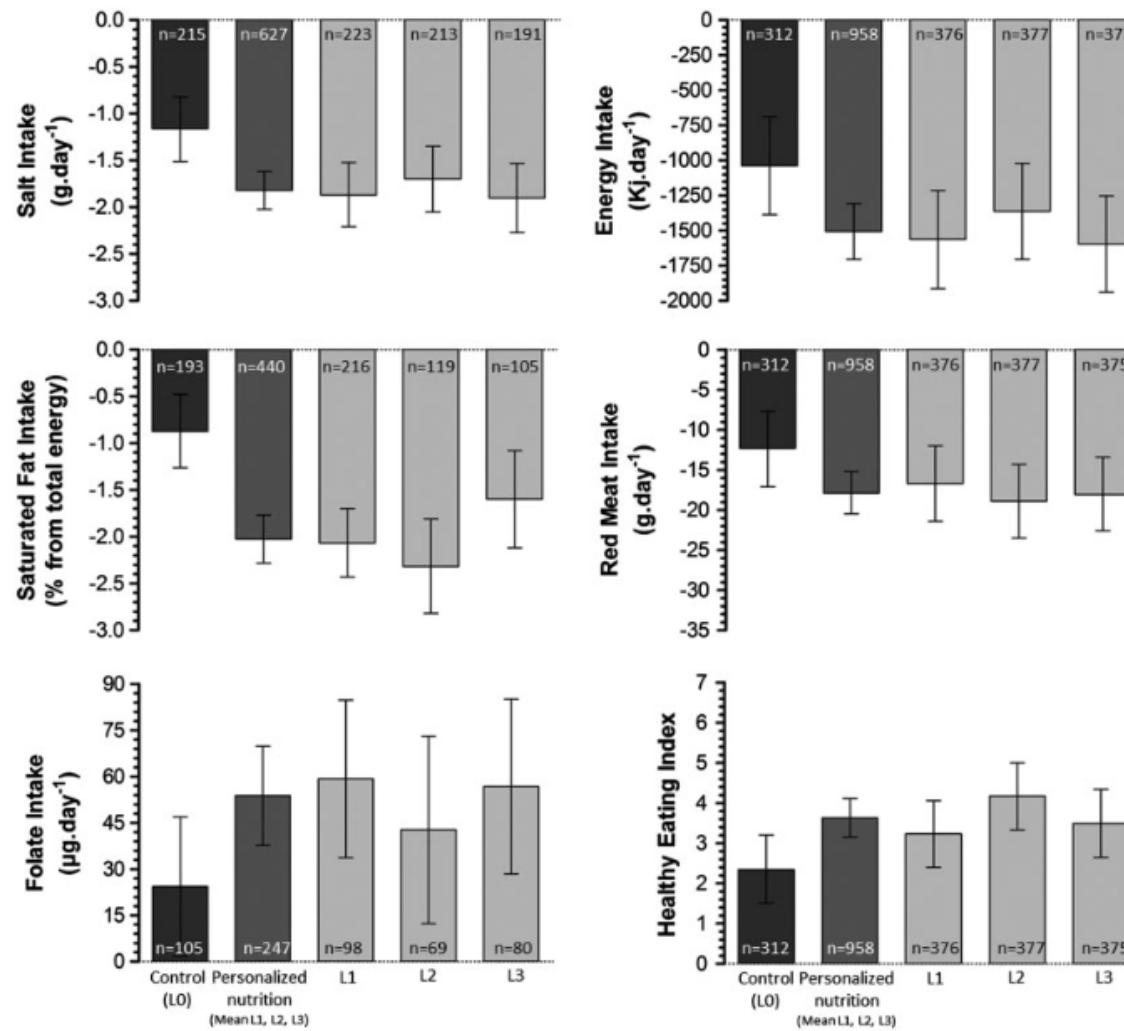
- Alimentos y nutrientes
- Microbiota intestinal
(composición y funcionalidad)
- Permeabilidad intestinal
- Enfermedades crónicas
- Contaminantes ambientales

EFICACIA DE NUTRITION PERSONALIZADA

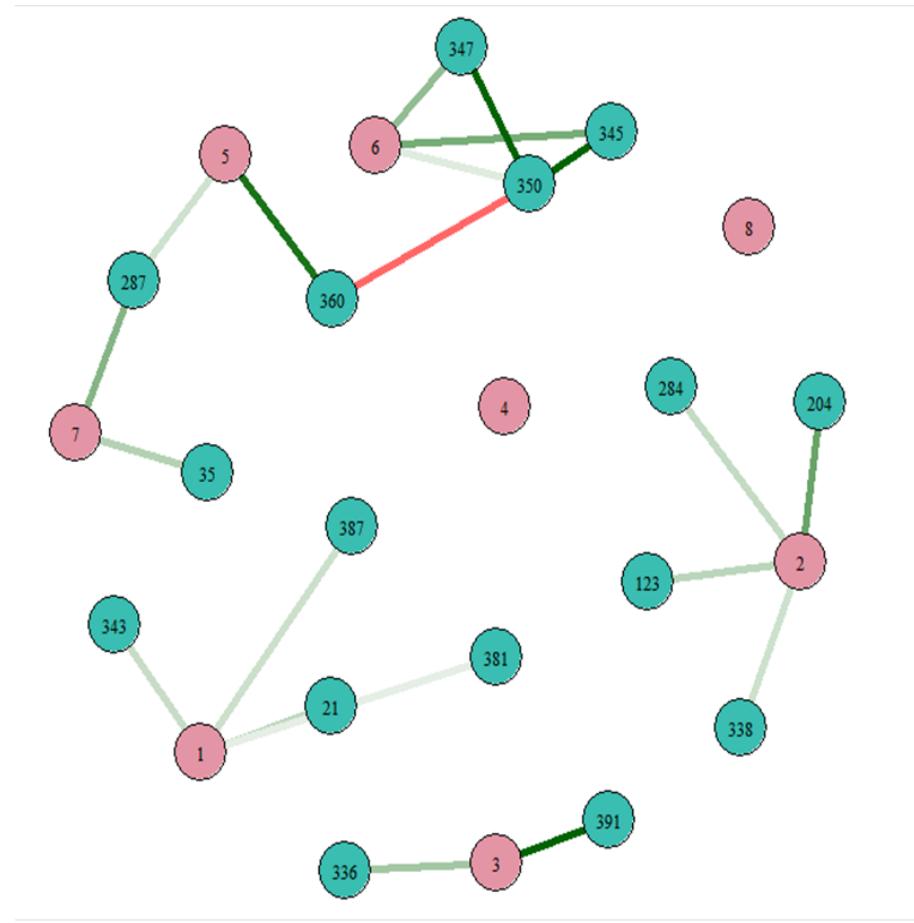


food4me.org

- Level 0: Control – conventional (non-personalised) dietary advice;
- Level 1: PN advice based on current diet alone;
- Level 2: PN advice based on current diet plus phenotypic information (adiposity and blood metabolites);
- Level 3: PN advice based on current diet plus phenotypic and genotypic information.



APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA



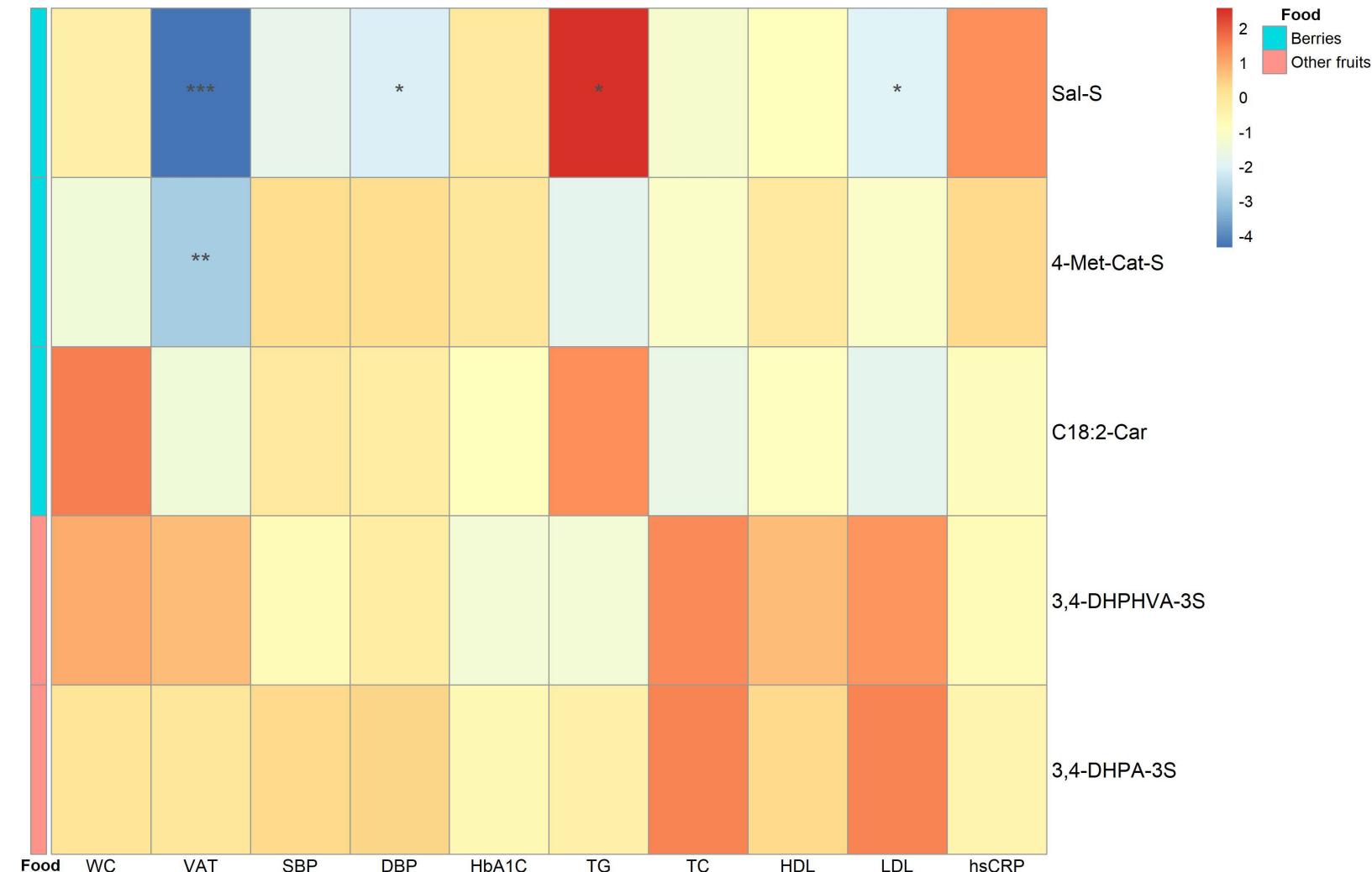
ACN food sources

- 1 Dairy products
- 2 Berries
- 3 Wine
- 4 Drinks
- 5 Vegetables
- 6 Other fruits
- 7 Mixed dishes
- 8 Refined cereals

Metabolome

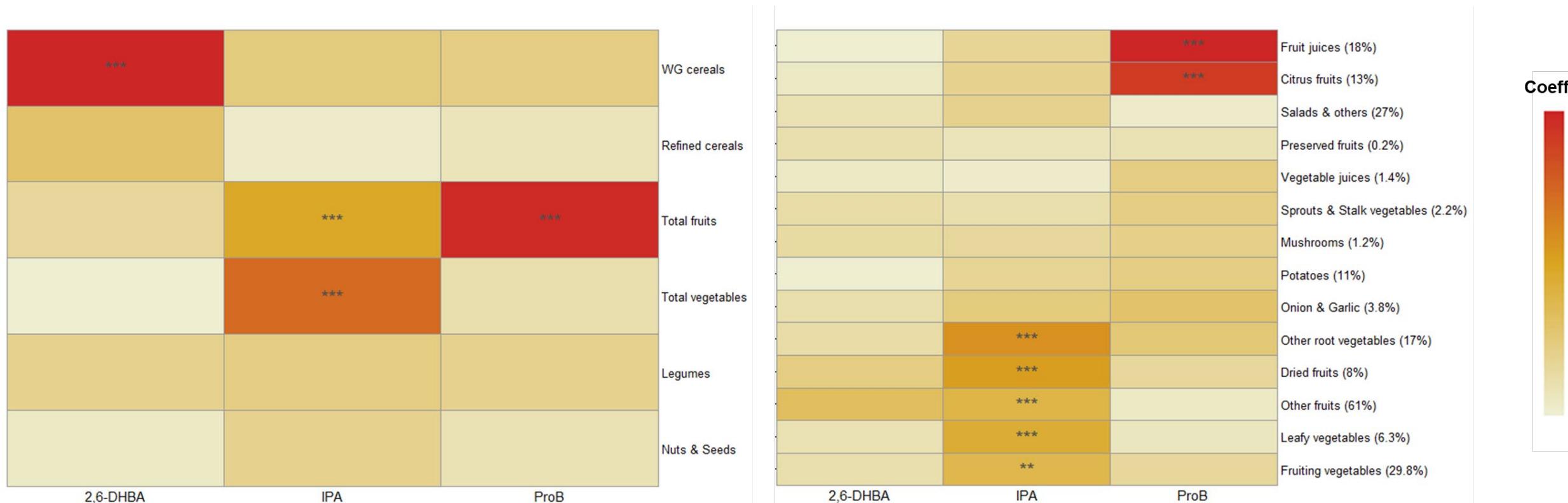
21	Asp	343	EpiC-S
35	1-Methylhistidine	345	3,4-DHPHVA-3S
123	C18:2-Car	347	3-HPV-S
204	Sal-S	350	3,4-DHPA-3S
284	GCDCA-3S	360	Berg-G
287	2-HBA	381	UroC-G
336	Met-Pyr-S	387	Acesulfame
338	4-Met-Cat-S	391	ET-G

APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA/EFECTO

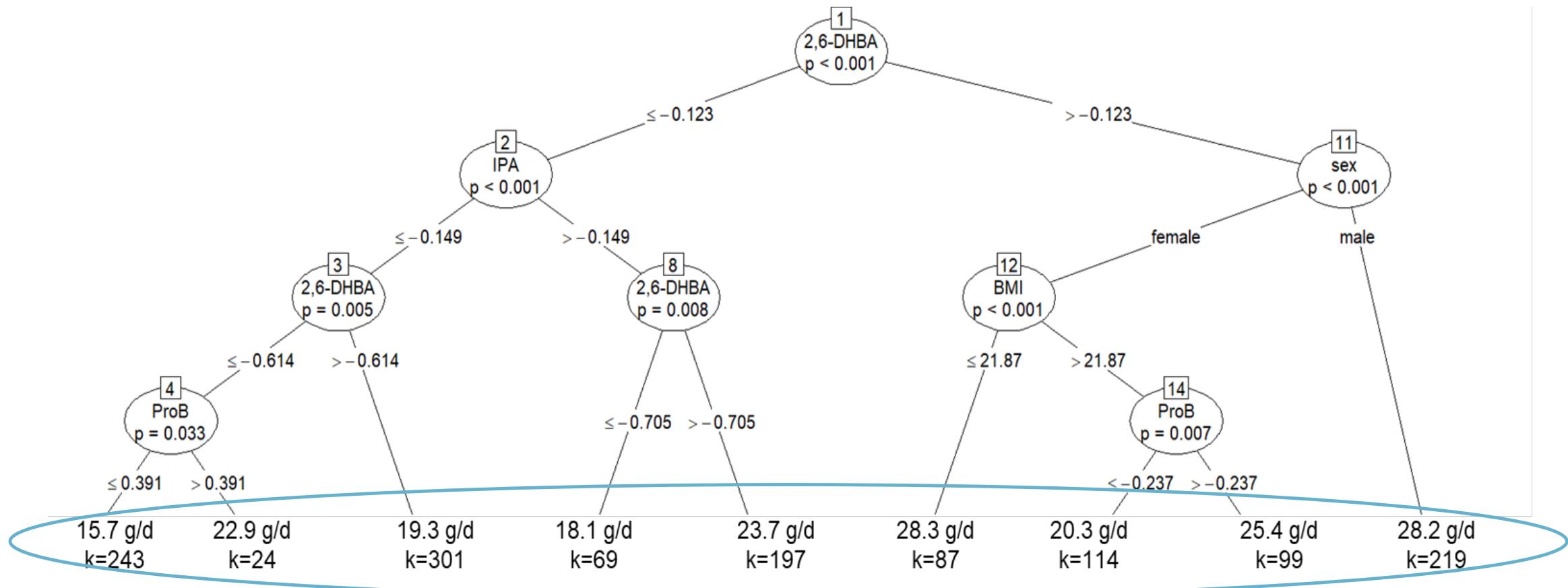


APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA/EFECTO

- 2,6-DHBA levels are associated with wholegrain cereal consumption
- IPA is associated with the consumption of fruits and vegetables
- Proline betaine is associated with fruit consumption, specifically citrus and juices



APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA/EFECTO



Grupos basados en los niveles predichos de ingesta de fibra basada en biomarcadores



APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA/EFECTO

1. Fiber intake reported on diet questionnaires (24-HDRs):

Participants in the highest tertile of fiber intake:				
All	Fiber <16g/day (T1)	Fiber: 16-25g/day (T2)	Fiber >25g/day (T3)	
n= 624	k= 451	k= 452	k= 450	
Dietary fiber (g/d)	21 ± 10	11 ± 4	20 ± 2	33 ± 8 ***

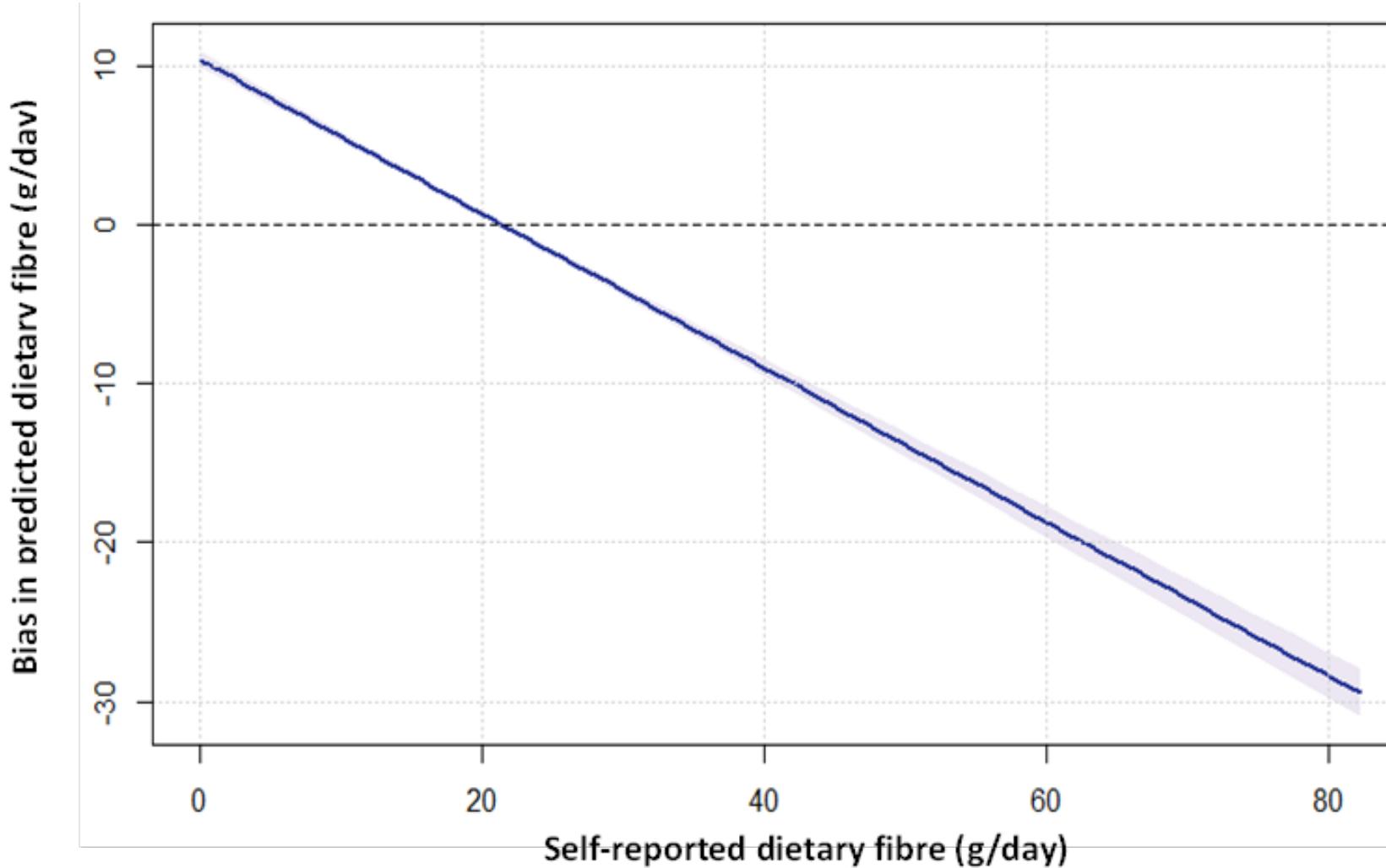
↓ hsCRP

2. Predicted fiber intake based on the metabolites selected by the model + clinical variables :

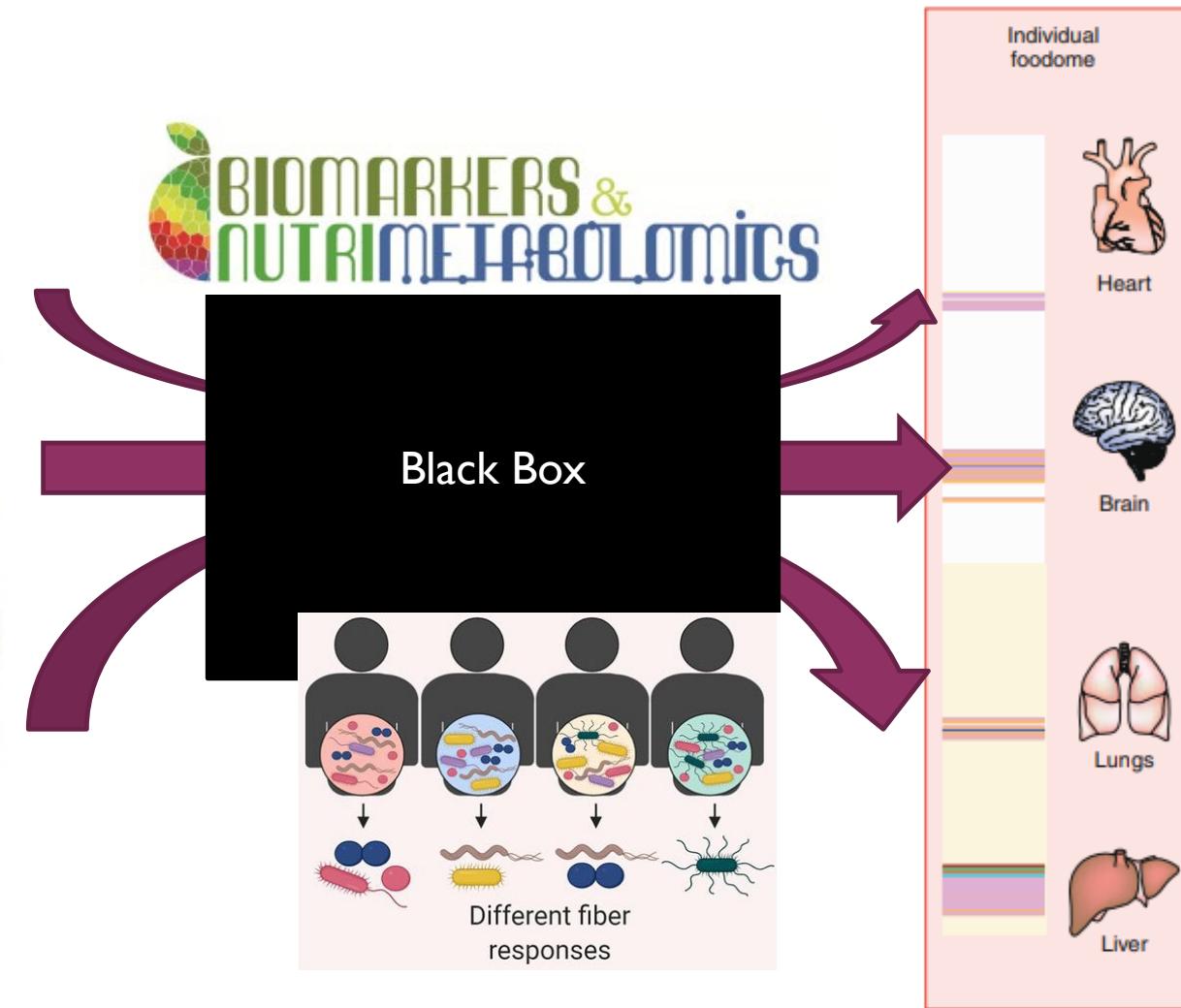
Participants in the highest group of fiber intake:				
All	Group 1	Group 2	Group 3	
n= 624	<17g/day,	17-25 g/day,	>25g/day,	
k=1,353	k=243	k=705	k=405	
Dietary fiber (g/d)	21 ± 10	16 ± 7	21 ± 10	27 ± 12***

↓ visceral adipose tissue , total cholesterol, LDL-C, hsCRP

APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE INGESTA/EFECTO



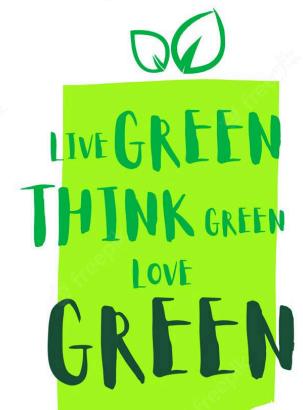
APLICACIONES-BIOMARCADORES DE ~~INGESTA~~/EFECTO



APLICACIONES-METABOLOMICS FINGERPRINT



SAVE THE PLANET



SAVE THE WORLD



SAVE
THE
PLANET



APLICACIONES-METABOLOMICS FINGERPRINT

“PLANT-BASED”

- highly processed
- additives & added sugar
- less nutrients



vegan mac & cheese, fries,
lick of broccoli, vegan cookie

vs.

PLANT-BASED

- whole food ingredients
- full of vitamins and minerals
- more nutritious

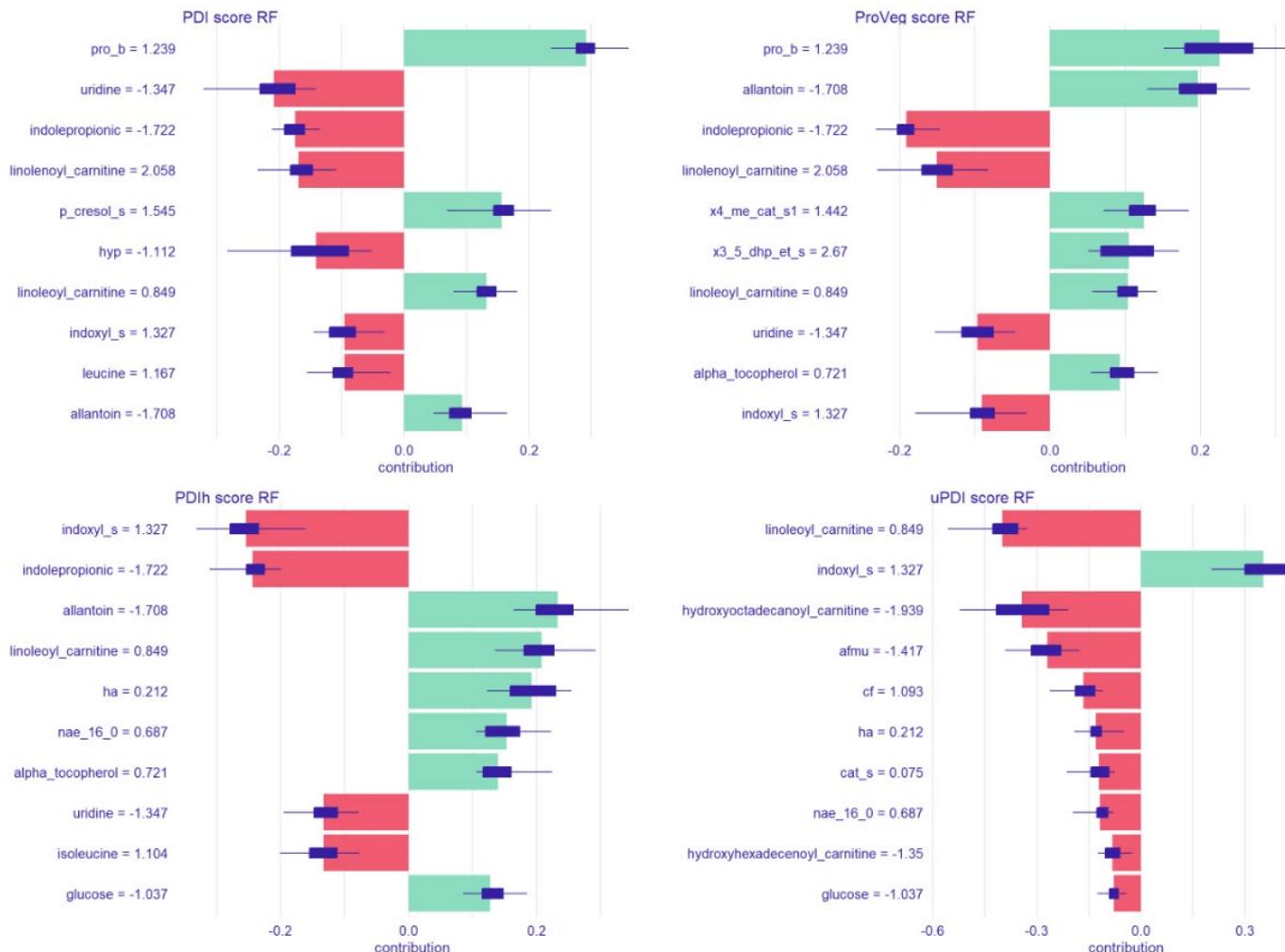


whole food nutritious
salad

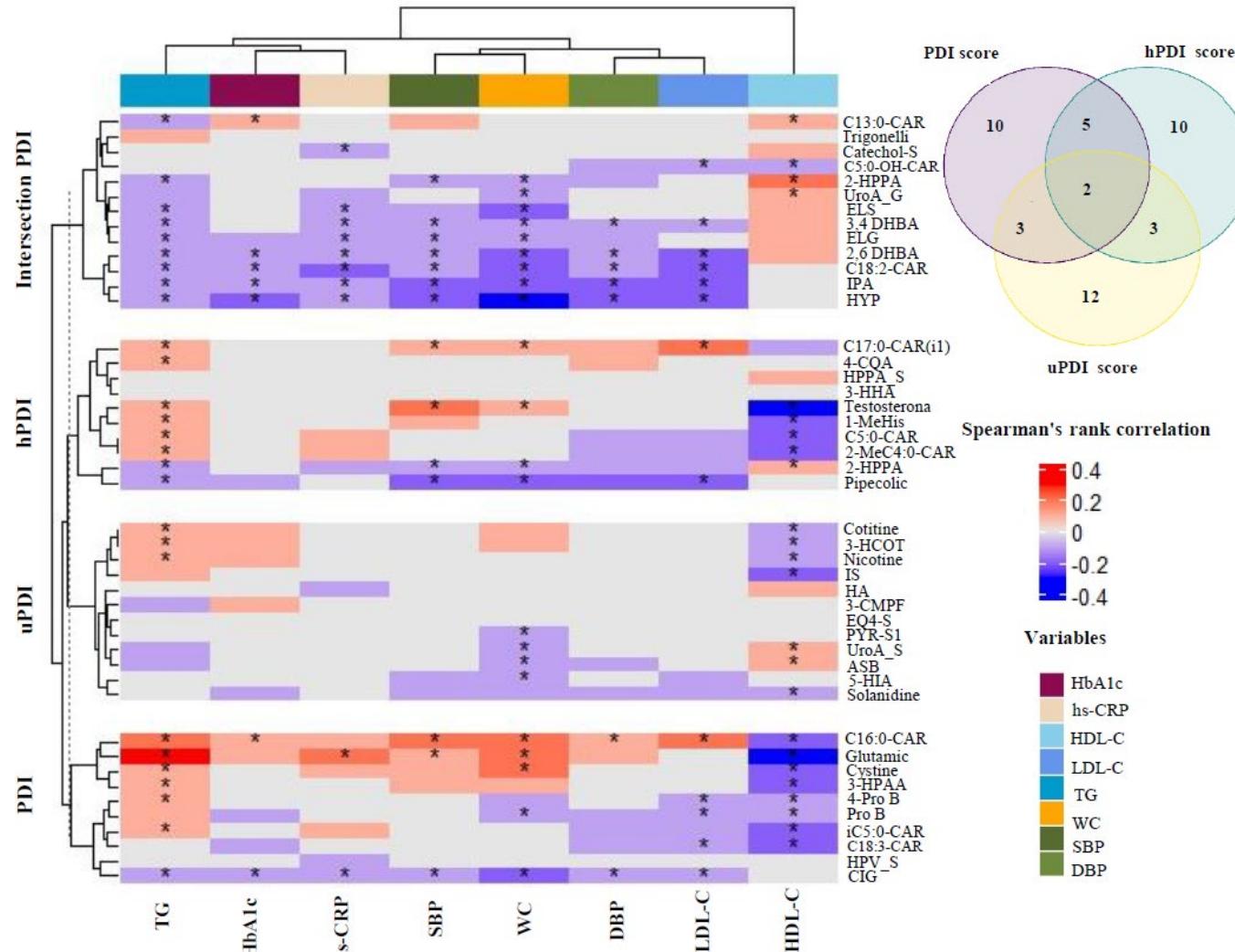
Healthy plant foods	Unhealthy plant foods	Animal foods
Fruits	Fruit juice	Meat
Vegetables	Refined grains	Fish
Whole grains	Potatoes	Eggs
Nuts	Sugar-sweetened beverages	Dairy
Tea & coffee	Sweets & desserts	Animal fat
Vegetable oils		

<https://plantbasedhealthprofessionals.com/>

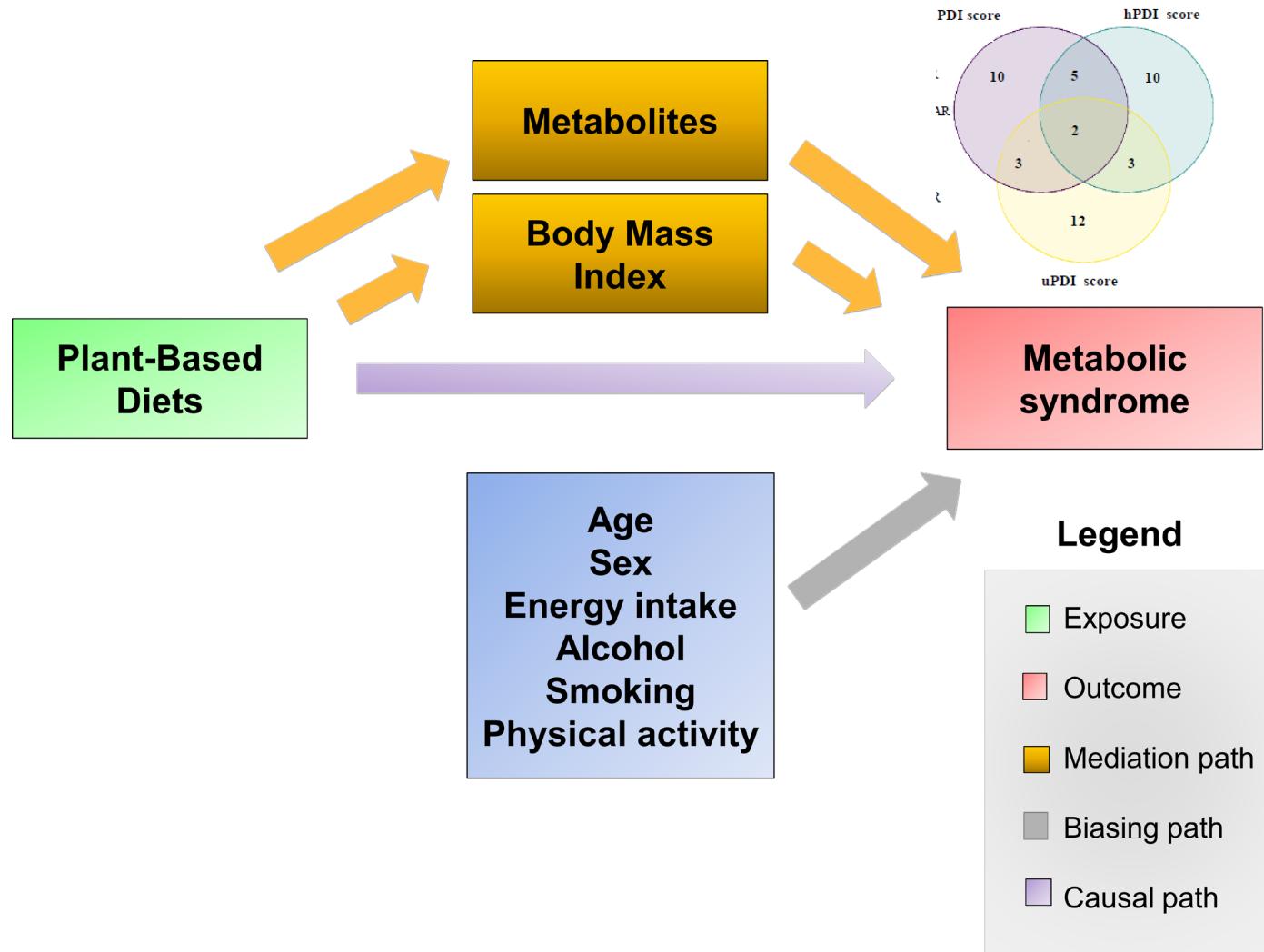
APLICACIONES-METABOLOMICS FINGERPRINT



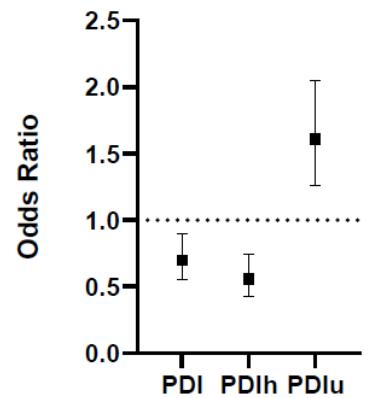
APLICACIONES-METABOLOMICS FINGERPRINT



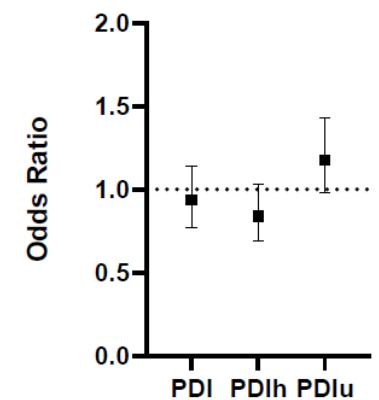
APLICACIONES-METABOLOMICS FINGERPRINT



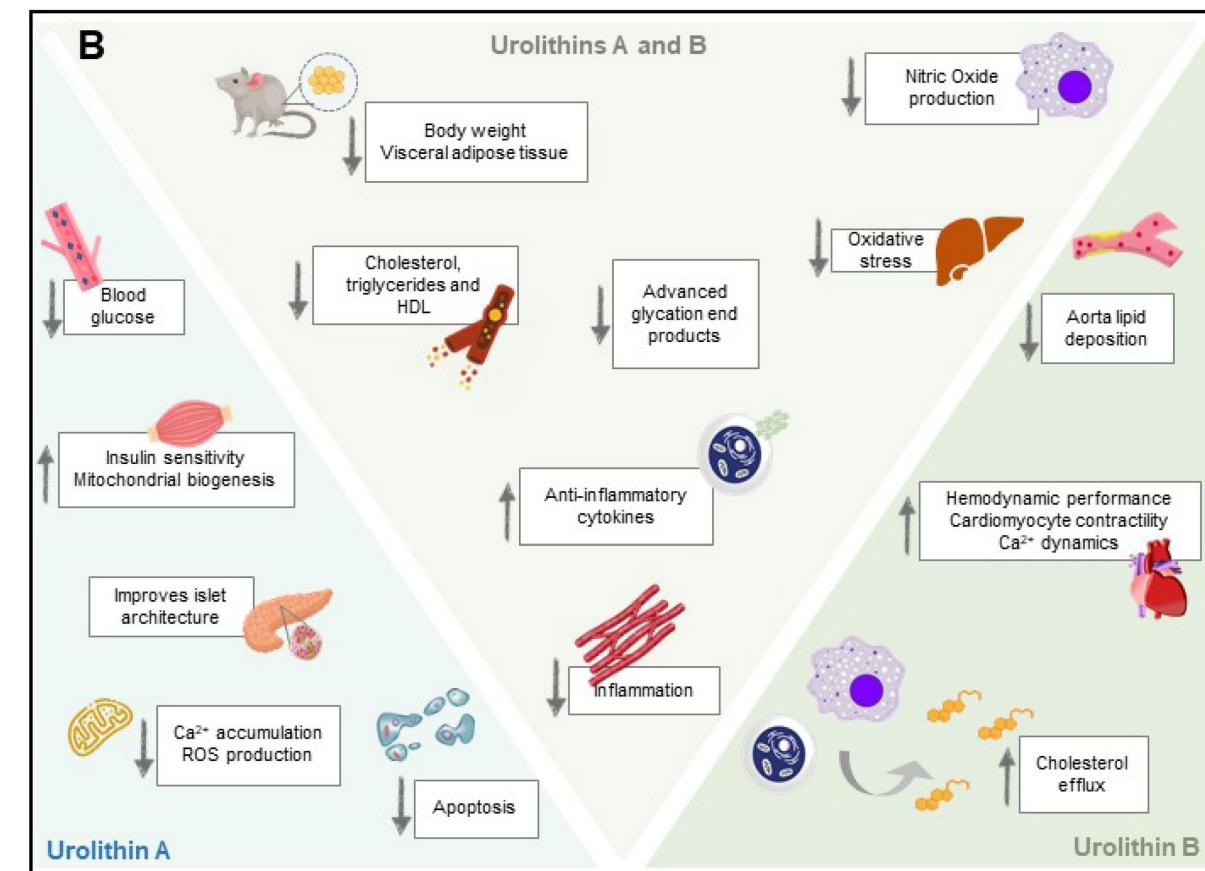
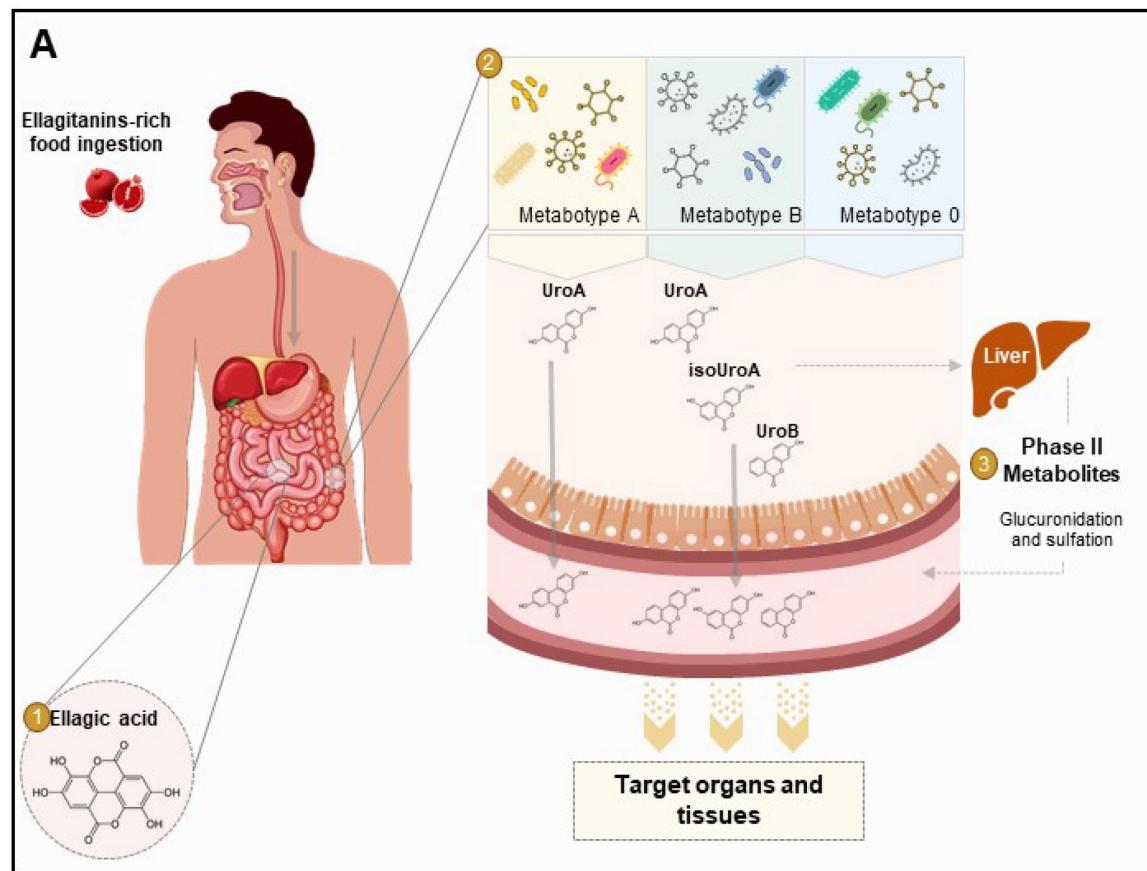
a **Modelo sin BMI**



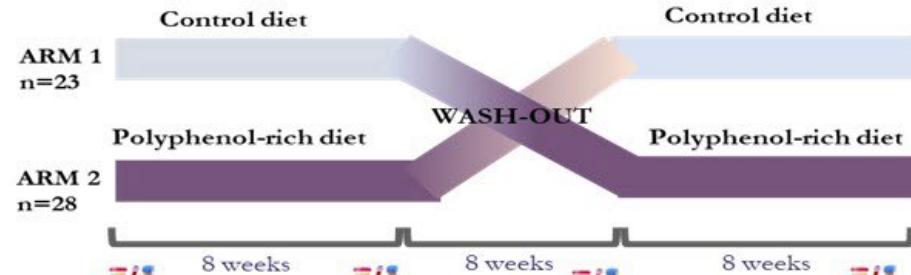
b **Modelo con BMI**



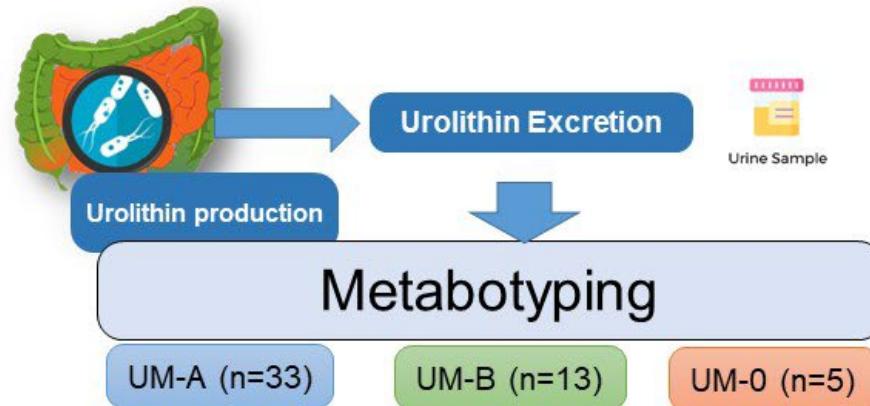
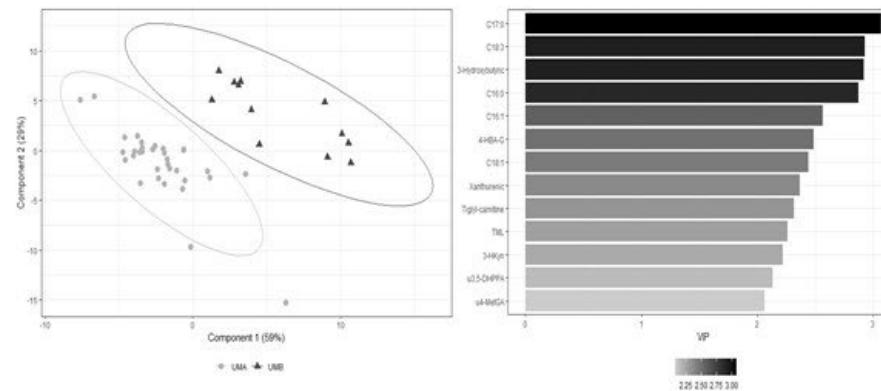
APLICACIONES-METABOTYPING



APLICACIONES-METABOTYPING

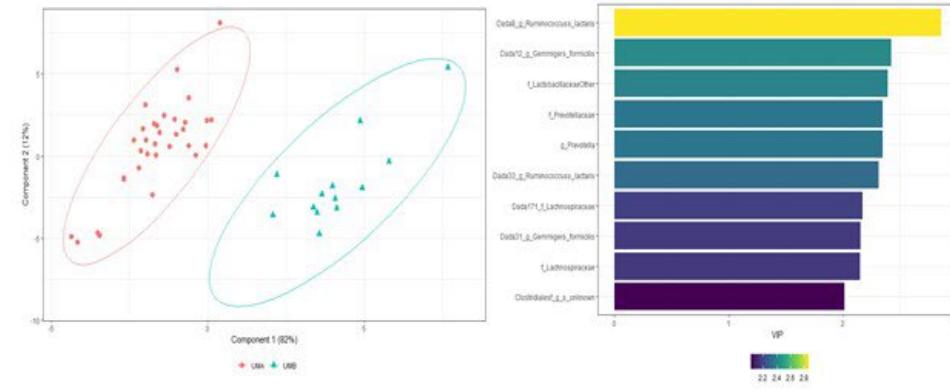


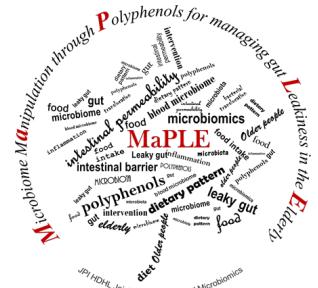
Different metabolomics response to PR-diet



UM-B was associated with a 2-fold higher reduction in zonulin

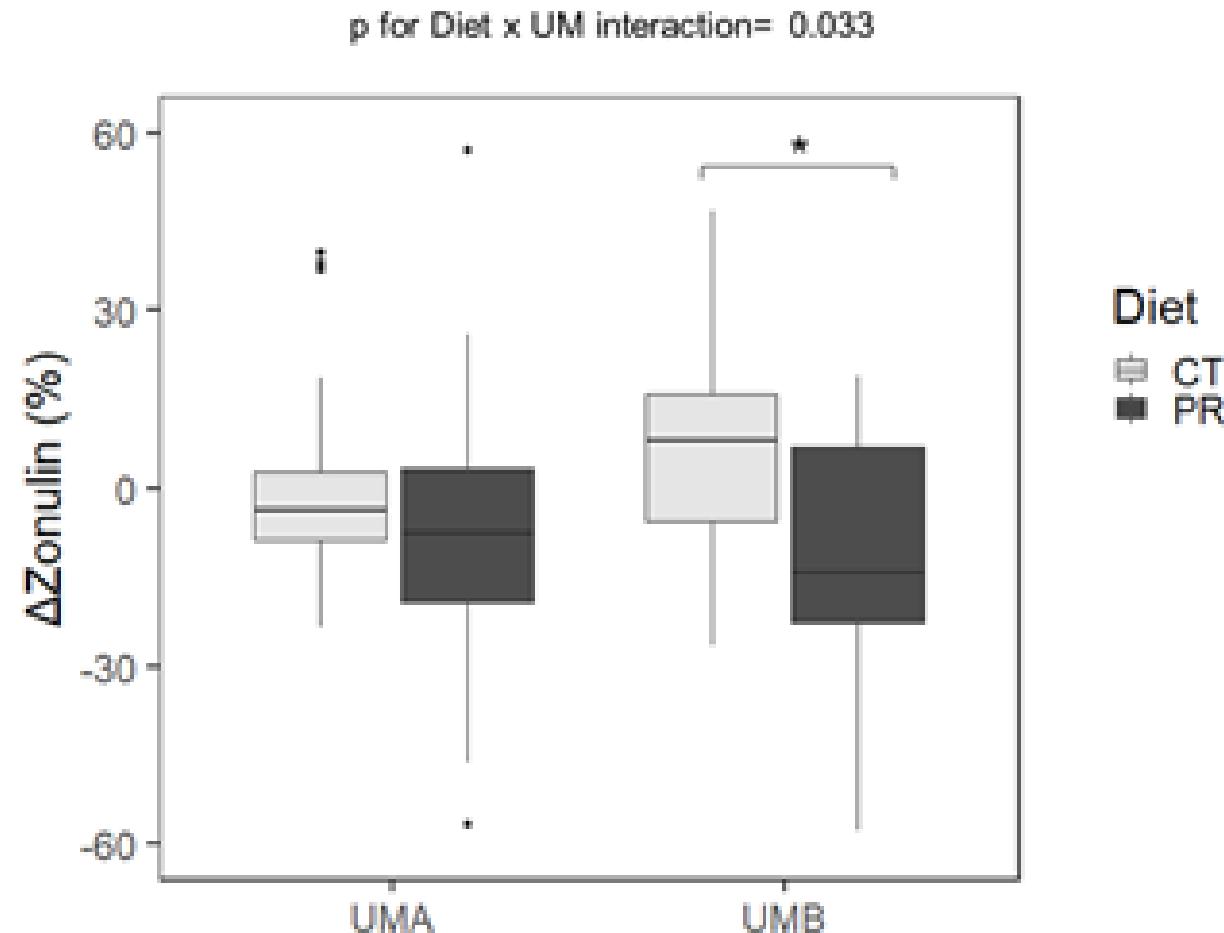
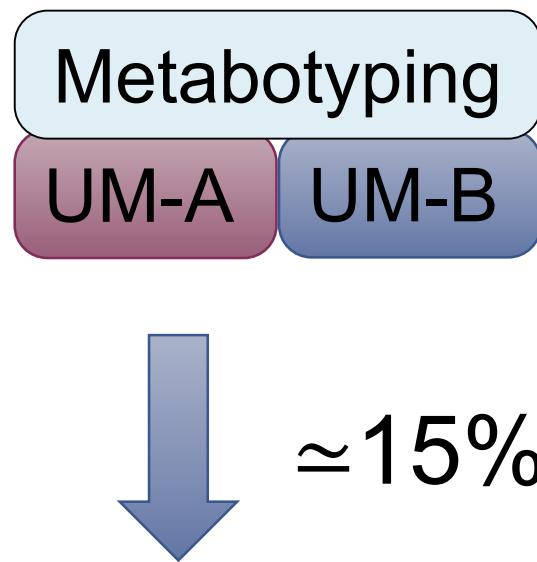
Different gut microbiota response to PR-diet

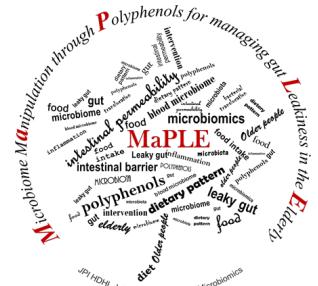




APLICACIONES-METABOTYPING

RCT-crossover, MaPLE trial en 51 adultos mayores.



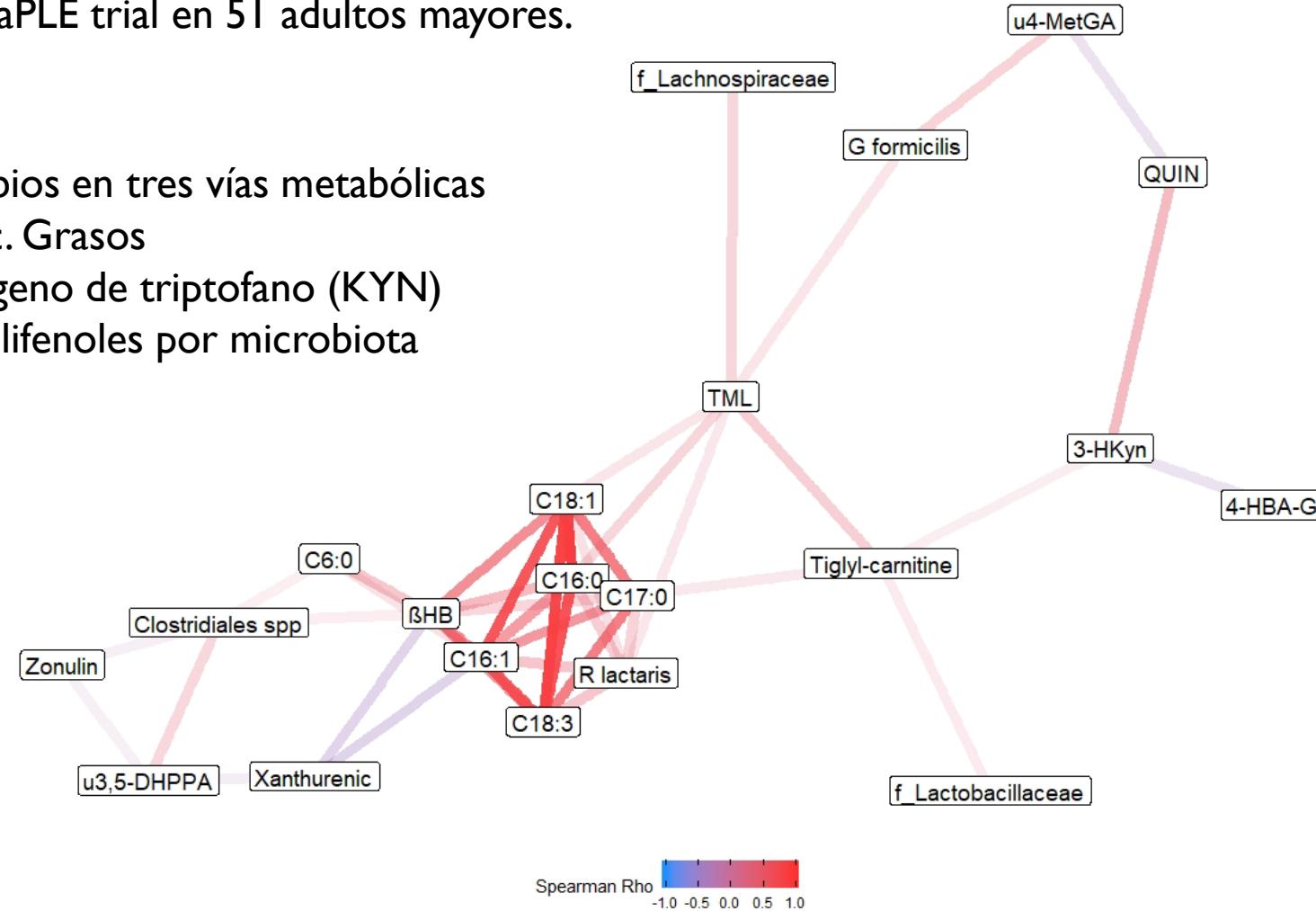


APLICACIONES-METABOTYPING

RCT-crossover, MaPLE trial en 51 adultos mayores.

UM-B asociado a cambios en tres vías metabólicas

- Metabolismo de Ác. Grasos
- Metabolismo endógeno de triptofano (KYN)
- Metabolismo de polifenoles por microbiota



NUTRIMETABOLÓMICA

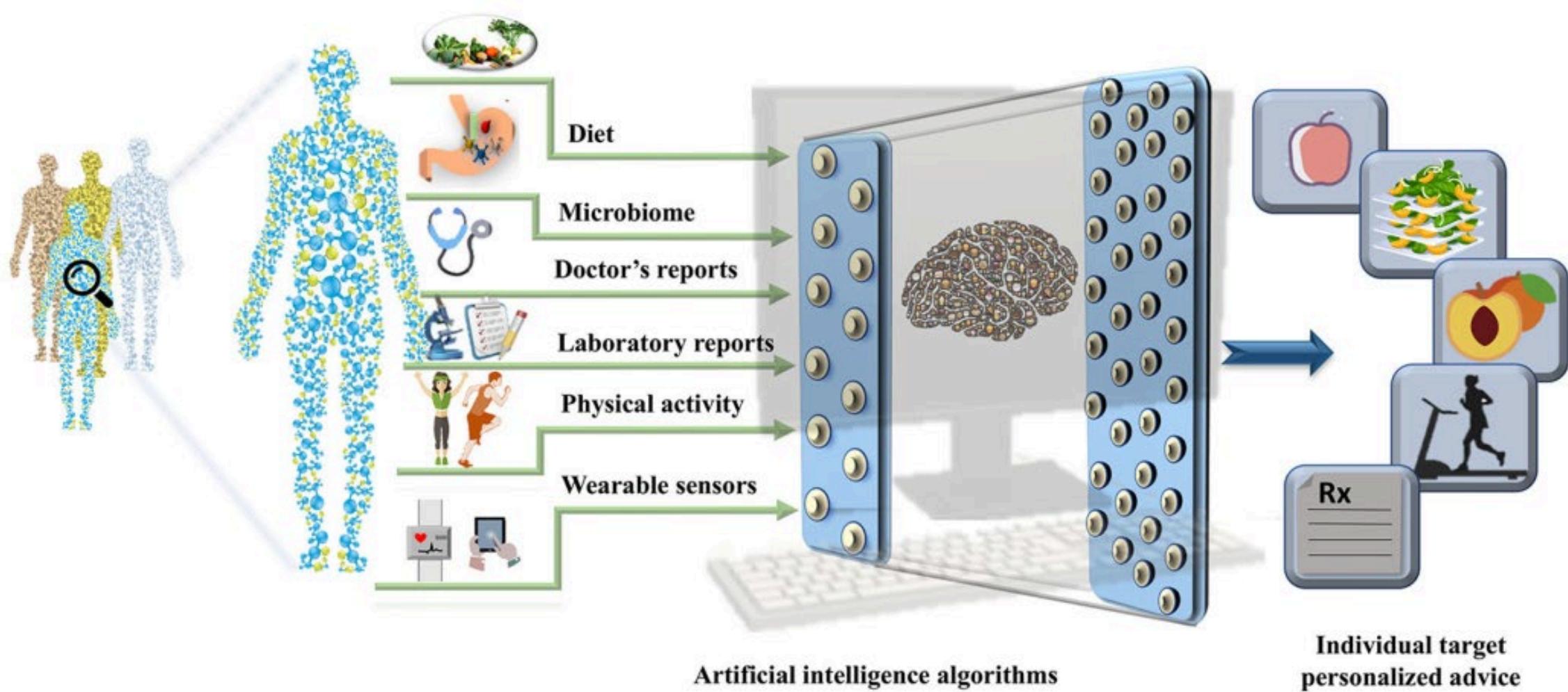
Hacia una nutrición personalizada



tomasmerono@ub.edu

Dr. Tomás Meroño

LO MEJOR ESTÁ POR LLEGAR....



LO MEJOR ESTÁ POR LLEGAR....

