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# $uvbyH_{\beta}$ photometry of main sequence A type stars\*

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Abstract. — We present Strömgren uvby and  $H_{\beta}$  photometry for a set of 575 northern main sequence A type stars, most of them belonging to the Hipparcos Input Catalogue, with V from  $5^{\rm m}$  to  $10^{\rm m}$  and with known radial velocities. These observations enlarge the catalogue we began to compile some years ago to more than 1500 stars. Our catalogue includes kinematic and astrophysical data for each star. Our future goal is to perform an accurate analysis of the kinematical behaviour of these stars in the solar neighbourhood.

Key words: stars: distances — stars: early-type — stars: fundamental parameters — galaxy: kinematics and dynamics

#### 1. Introduction

It has long been known that the kinematics of main sequence A type stars in the solar neighbourhood show some particular features which cannot be explained by the classical theory of ellipsoidal velocity distribution proposed by Schwarzschild (Palous 1986; Gómez et al. 1990). Knowledge of the mechanisms responsible for features such as the presence of moving groups – widely discussed by Eggen (1989) –, the strong vertex deviation in this spectral range, and the observed increase in the velocity dispersion with age, among others, may help us to understand the evolution, kinematics and dynamics of our Galaxy. Essential requirements to study these controversial problems are to have large samples with accurate kinematical and astrophysical data and to apply robust statistical methods.

From the kinematical point of view, the unprecedented accuracy achieved by the Hipparcos mission on position, parallax and proper motions of a large number of stars and the ongoing radial velocity observation programmes (among others, those at the Observatoire d'Haute Provence – OHP – and at the European Southern Observatory – ESO –), will lead to a substantial improvement in the near future. On the other hand, Strömgren photometry has proved to be a powerful tool to derive photometric distances, temperatures, gravities, luminosities and ages of early type stars.

Our observational programme aims to obtain Strömgren photometry for main sequence A type stars with published radial velocities – or included in the above men-

tioned observational programmes – and having incomplete or no uvby or  $H_{\beta}$  values in the compilation of Hauck & Mermilliod (1990, hereafter referred to as HM). Our first results were already published in Figueras et al. (1991, hereafter referred to as Paper I). After the publication of the Hipparcos Input Catalogue (Turon et al. 1992; hereafter referred to as HIC) the observing programme described in Paper I has been redefined, giving high priority to the main sequence A type stars belonging to the Hipparcos Survey (Gómez et al. 1989) with known radial velocities. Stars with new radial velocities obtained at OHP (i.e. Duflot et al. 1992) have been included in our compilation.

In this paper we present new photometric data for 575 stars, 479 of which are Hipparcos stars. The content of our catalogue of "normal" main sequence A type stars, at its present status, is described in Sect. 3.

# 2. Observations, data reduction and results

## 2.1. Observations and data reduction

The observations were carried out at Calar Alto (Almería, Spain) with the 1.23 m telescope at the Centro Astronómico Hispano-Alemán (C.A.H.A.) and the 1.52 m telescope of the Observatorio Astronómico Nacional (O.A.N.), and at the Observatorio del Roque de los Muchachos (O.R.M., Canary Islands, Spain) using the 1m Jakobus Kapteyn telescope. The photometer and filters used in the telescopes at Calar Alto were previously described in Paper I. The observations with the Jakobus Kapteyn telescope were made using the People's photometer, a two-channel one, which is equipped with EMI

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<sup>\*</sup>Table 5 is only available in electronic form from CDS via anonymous ftp 130.79.128.5, and by e-mail request to C. Jordi at carme@facjn0.am.ub.es

 $9658\mathrm{AM}$  photomultipliers, the dead-time constants being 44 and 49 ns.

As in Paper I, the standard stars were taken from the lists of Perry et al. (1987), Crawford et al. (1972, 1973), and Olsen (1983). They were observed every hour and at the beginning and the end of each night, with a total of 15-25 standard stars observed per night.

Observations were performed between March 1990 and September 1993 in thirteen observing runs of 7-10 days: 3 runs at C.A.H.A., 6 at O.A.N. and 4 at O.R.M. In February 1992, at O.R.M., the weather was poor and only stars lacking  $H_{\beta}$  photometry in the HM catalogue were observed. For each programme star, a minimum of two observations on different nights were performed.

The reduction procedure was fully described in Paper I. Residuals of all transformations were checked against colour, magnitude and air mass, and no systematic trend was found. Linear time dependent corrections to the visual magnitude were required on several nights: 0.007 mag/h was the mean value of drift coefficient for "normal" nights. A linear dependence of this coefficient on water-vapour presure (P), as suggested by Reimann et al. (1992), was found to be 0.026P-0.0031, indicating that the drift coefficient grows with increasing moisture, although a rather poor correlation was found.

Following Lindemann & Hauck (1973) and Olsen (1993) we include Tables 1-4 showing the obtained photometry for the standard stars with more than one observation. The differences with standard values are negligible and no systematic differences were found between C.A.H.A., O.A.N. and O.R.M. observatories.

## 2.2. Results

Table 5 lists the uvby and  $H_{\beta}$  photometric data for 575 programme stars. The individual error quoted is the standard deviation of the average obtained following Rosselló et al. (1985). Mean values of these errors are  $\sigma(V) = 0.006 \pm 0.006$ ,  $\sigma(b-y) = 0.004 \pm 0.004$ ,  $\sigma(m_1) = 0.006 \pm 0.006$ ,  $\sigma(c_1) = 0.008 \pm 0.007$ ,  $\sigma(\beta) = 0.007 \pm 0.007$ .

The columns labelled N and  $N_{\beta}$  give the number of observations performed for each star. An asterisk in the N column means that the star was observed during February 1992 at O.R.M. and only  $H_{\beta}$  photometry was obtained. The uvby data quoted for these stars were taken from HM catalogue and their visual magnitude was taken from the General Catalogue of Photometric Data (GCPD; Hauck et al. 1990). A remark in the last column draws attention to a note after Table 5. These notes include information about duplicity (D) for optical pairs with separation less than 20 arcsec – following the notation given in Paper I –, variability (V), identification in clusters (C), V.R.V. or SB in Renson's (1991) catalogue (B) and other remarks (O). The spectral types quoted are from HIC or SIMBAD data base.

External comparison for the stars in Table 5 having either uvby or  $H_{\beta}$  photometry in the HM catalogue, has been performed. As the HM catalogue does not contain V magnitudes, the comparison on V has been made with the values quoted in GCPD. Significant differences have been found only for the stars HD 49581, HD 94978 and HD 192284. Our values for HD 49581 are coherent with the values given by Mendoza (1974), indicating that it is probably an Am star. In contrast, Alania et al. (1989) gave  $m_1 = 0.055$  for this star, and stated explicitly that it is not an Am star. More observations are required to solve this discrepancy. HD 94978 and HD 192284 show discrepances on the V magnitude. In particular, HD 192284 is a double system (see Notes after Table 5), and the difference can be explained when including the companion. After rejecting these stars, the comparison (Table 6) shows that our data fully agree with the HM and GCPD compilations, so no systematic differences are present when deriving physical parameters.

Table 6. External errors with HM and GCPD compilations, expressed as our values minus catalogued values (units are 0...01)

	Mean	scatter	N
$\overline{\Delta(V)}$	$3.5 \pm 1.6$	27.5	307
$\Delta(b-y)$	$2.6 \pm 0.9$	7.8	82
$\Delta(m_1)$	$0.2 \pm 1.4$	12.4	82
$\Delta(c_1)$	$-3.8 \pm 2.0$	18.3	82
$\Delta(eta)$	$1.4\pm1.7$	17.8	111

### 3. The Catalogue

# 3.1. Selection criteria

To build up a catalogue that is useful for kinematic analysis, we compile those main sequence A type stars with known radial velocities and complete uvby and  $H_{\beta}$  photometry for which we are able to compute reliable physical parameters and ages. In this sense, it does not include stars known as variables or suspected variables, spectroscopic binaries, peculiar (Am, Ap,  $\delta$  Del, ...) or those known to have variable radial velocity. Stars belonging to double and multiple systems for which only joint photometry is available have also been rejected. In order not to bias the kinematics, we have also eliminated those stars known as members of galactic open clusters. This selection has been done by consulting the SIMBAD data base and HIC. Finally, those stars with insufficient information on spectral type whose observed photometry indicates peculiarities or advanced evolutionary stages (mainly giants and supergiants) are not included in the final compilation.

## 3.2. Present status of the compilation

Our compilation, at its present status, contains a total of 1549 "normal" main sequence A type stars with computed physical parameters and ages. 1414 stars -91% of the sample – belong to the HIC, 1341 of which are included in the Hipparcos Survey (Gómez et al. 1989).

All the needed astrometric data were extracted from HIC, but for the stars not belonging to it, positions and proper motions were taken from PPM North and South (Roeser & Bastian 1988; Bastian et al. 1993). Radial velocities were extracted from the SIMBAD data base, Barbier-Brossat (1989), the series of publications of OHP (i.e. Duflot et al. 1992) and Andersen & Nordstrom (1983). Even with the inclusion of these two last observing programmes, in the North and South hemispheres respectively, radial velocities are still the main limitation when building up such a catalogue. The radial velocity programmes for early type Hipparcos stars in progress at OHP and at ESO (Duflot et al. 1992; Gerbaldi et al. 1990; Hensberge et al. 1990) will allow substantial enlargement of the sample.

The HM catalogue, the list published by Perry (1991) and our own observations were the source for the necessary Strömgren photometry. It is worthwhile noticing that our observations represent more than one third of the total sample.

## **3**.3. Computation of physical parameters

Distances, effective temperatures and surface gravities have been obtained from Strömgren photometry according to Paper I. The algorithm described there was improved with the new interpolation programme by Napiwotzky et al. (1993) of the grids of Moon & Dworetsky (1985). This new procedure better reproduces the grids and avoids the interpolation problems in the boundaries – see Masana (1994) for the analysis of the systematic differences –. Concerning the "intermediate" group (A0-A2, defined by Strömgren 1966), we have adopted the dereddening expressions by Grosbol (1978) after realizing that Moon's (1985) expressions to interpolate the standard relations of Hilditch et al. (1983) create artificial empty zones in the colour-colour and the theoretical HR diagrams.

Individual ages have been computed with the algorithm developed by Asiain (1993) using the stellar evolutionary models of Schaller et al. (1992) for Pop I. A linear interpolation between points of corresponding evolutionary status has been performed and special care has been taken to assign an error to each age determination (Asiain 1996) according to the accuracy of the photometric determination of the effective temperature and the surface gravity (Torra et al. 1990). The distribution of the stars in the theoretical HR diagram is shown in Fig. 1. About 10% of the sample is placed below the ZAMS, so, no individual ages have been computed for them. Observational errors,

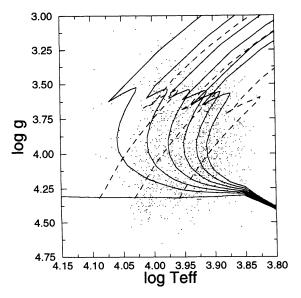


Fig. 1. The 1549 stars of the compilation in the theoretical HR diagram. Evolutionary tracks for 2, 2.5 and 3 solar masses, isochrones of 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7  $10^8$  years and the ZAMS (Schaller et al. 1992; Y = 0.30, Z = 0.02) are overplotted

undetected peculiarities or problems in the calibrations used can be argued to explain this phenomenon. Figure 2 shows the histogram of ages and their relative errors. We should emphasize that the determination of ages may not be free from systematic trends caused by uncertainties in the photometric calibrations or the stellar evolutionary models.

### 3.4. Future observations

Our future observing programme is mainly centered on Hipparcos Survey stars with known radial velocities. More than 500 stars from this survey, selected according to the criteria mentioned above, have proper motion and radial velocity data but no complete Strömgren photometry.

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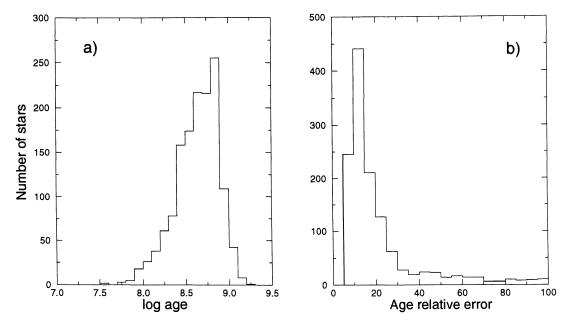


Fig. 2. The histogram of ages a) and relative errors b) for the stars above the ZAMS

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**Table 1.** Photometry of the standard stars observed at O.A.N. Quoted errors are the standard deviation of the average (Rosselló et al. 1985). N and  $N_{\beta}$  are the number of observations of colours and  $\beta$ , respectively. Last columns give the differences with standard values (standard - observed)

		,															
HD	(b-y)	error	V	error	$m_1$	error	$c_1$	error	N	β	error	$N_{\beta}$	$\Delta(b-y)$	$\Delta(V)$	$\Delta(m_1)$	$\Delta(c_1)$	$\Delta(eta)$
2054	022	.002	5.734	.005	.124	.001	.693	.002	8	2.774	.002	8	.000	.006	001	.000	.001
6457	026	.001	5.563	.003	.141	.002	.874	.002	9	2.850	.001	9	.004	005	002	.007	002
11592	.315	.002	6.754	.006	.135	.003	.394	.008	3	2.623	.011	3	003	.013	.001	002	.007
12246	.298	.004	8.160	.003	.123	.011	.412	.007	2				.002	.014	.005	005	
16460	.360	.000	7.479	.002	.091	.002	.975	.003	6	2.703	.004	6	003	.004	.003	004	.002
20692	.334	.001	8.409	.002	.133	.001	.517	.003	13	2.672	.005	11	.004	004	.001	004	008
21050	022	.001	6.083	.001	.151	.001	.937	.002	6	2.881	.002	6	005	003	.005	005	003
23258	.012	.004	6.084	.007	.182	.001	.999	.000	4	2.920	.002	4	010	.006	.001	004	.000
23324	022	.001	5.669	.002	.107	.001	.642	.001	6	2.743	.001	6	.001	004	.000	004	.007
24357	.228	.001	5.959	.007	.167	.002	.604	.002	4	2.714	.001	4	007	.011	001	.006	002
24817	.025	.002	6.088	.004	.186	.001	1.011	.001	4	2.903	.004	4	.000	.004	001	.013	018
28395	.288	.000	8.005	.011	.122	.002	.430	.007	2	2.636	.002	2	.009	.002	001	008	.002
35076	020	.001	6.454	.000	.132	.005	.873	.008	3	2.826	.000	4	006	.006	.002	013	.004
42111	.054	.000	5.696	.008	.126	.001	1.223	.001	2	2.803	.004	2	002	.018	.012	003	.010
57362	.284	.001	8.162	.003	.137	.004	.461	.002	9	2.658	.001	8	.004	005	004	002	001
60107	.037	.001	5.276	.001	.142	.001	1.177	.001	29	2.842	.001	28	.000	.001	.001	.001	.000
65174	.298	.001	8.602	.003	.142	.002	.494	.002	6	2.653	.005	4	001	.004	003	.003	004
76398	.088	.001	5.451	.004	.206	.001	.970	.001	11	2.851	.002	11	004	004	001	.002	002
80064	.043	.001	6.411	.004	.163	.002	1.192	.001	8	2.872	.004	7	.004	011	.000	.005	011
93702	.022	.001	5.327	.006	.147	.001	1.131	.001	6	2.856	.003	6	.003	014	005	.006	.013
109860	.009	.002	6.334	.005	.137	.003	1.160	.004	4	2.853	.003	4	.001	.008	.003	006	.003
113036	.219	.002	8.725	.001	.160	.003	.658	.001	7	2.727	.003	4	.000	.001	.005	020	004
113713	.314	.001	7.956	.002	.138	.002	.404	.002	9	2.630	.003	6	001	.002	001	.000	009
118244	.316	.000	6.920	.003	.129	.001	.394	.002	9	2.626	.001	9	004	.006	.000	.002	.000
120874	.038	.002	6.452	.005	.204	.001	.988	.002	6	2.908	.004	5	001	016	.004	008	007
121409	011	.001	5.698	.006	.137	.001	1.045	.003	4	2.833	.002	4	.000	007	.000	.001	005
140775	.026	.002	5.563	.008	.150	.003	1.116	.004	5	2.880	.003	5	003	.015	.003	015	.000
142908	.232	.001	5.443	.001	.157	.002	.655	.001	6	2.703	.003	6	002	007	.004	001	.011
143840	.349	.002	8.113	.001	.133	.000	.562	.003	3			-	004	.004	001	.003	
144492	.298	.002	7.937	.002	.133	.000	.430	.015	3	2.658	.009	3	.000	.003	.002	002	005
148180	.293	.001	7.850	.004	.135	.004	.668	.003	6	2.724	.002	5	.001	.008	002	002	009
150378	008	.001	5.770	.002	.148	.002	1.010	.012	2	2.884	.000	2	.005	.001	008	.016	002
154431	.115	.000	6.093	.002	.201	.001	.855	.001	19	2.833	.001	19	.003	.000	.000	.001	.001
157373	.287	.001	6.358	.002	.122	.001	.431	.002	10	2.648	.002	10	.003	.000	.000	.003	.004
158261	009	.001	5.938	.002	.164	.001	.999	.002	15	2.899	.001	15	.000	.002	.001	002	.004
169578	.045	.001	6.714	.003	.086	.001	.844	.003	10	2.775	.001	6	.005	004	001	003	.005
186440	004	.001	6.084	.001	.160	.001	1.025	.002	10	2.903	.003	8	.000	.006	.000	.001	.008
192744	.267	.001	7.456	.002	.126	.001	.483	.001	20	2.663	.001	18	001	002	.002	003	002
195943	.026	.001	5.394	.002	.210	.001	.977	.002	9	2.923	.002	9	003	.004	003	.006	005
199373	.305	.002	7.727	.002	.141	.002	.435	.002	6	2.636	.004	6	.002	.003	003	.008	.012
204862	022	.001	6.100	.001	.142	.001	.924	.003	4	2.838	.002	4	.003	.012	007	.008	.005
205539	.242	.001	6.239	.001	.143	.001	.608	.002	10	2.700	.002	10	.000	.011	.000	.003	002
203339	026	.001	6.160	.000	.095	.003	.590	.002	3	2.702	.002	3	001	030	.002	001	011
211242	.283	.004	8.722	.003	.136	.002	.515	.003	13	2.667	.003	12	.000	006	003	.001	.003
222602	.059	.002	5.903	.003	.159	.002	1.088	.002	11	2.882	.001	11	002	.004	001	.001	007
223323	.302	.001	7.076	.004	.123	.002	.407	.002	9	2.640	.003	9	002	.004	.001	.005	.003
443343	.502	.001	1.010	.004	دعد.	.001	.401	.001	5	2.040	.000	J	000	.001	.001	.000	.000
Mean		.001		.003		.002		.003			.003		.000	.001	.000	.000	.000
s.d.		.001		.003		.002		.003			.002		.004	.009	.003	.007	.007
s.u.		.001		.002		.002					.002		.004				

Table 2. Same as Table 1 for the standard stars observed at C.A.H.A.

HD	(b-y)	error	V	error	<i>m</i> 1	error	C 1	error	N	β	error	$N_{\mathcal{B}}$	$\Delta(b-y)$	$\Delta(V)$	$\Delta(m_1)$	$\Delta(c_1)$	$\Delta(\beta)$
16460	.356	.002	7.481	.012	.089	.006	.971	.005	3	2.703	.001	3	.001	.002	.005	.000	.002
35076	028	.007	6.473	.018	.122	.010	.843	.002	3	2.829	.007	3	.002	013	.012	.017	.001
60107	.037	.004	5.265	.006	.135	.004	1.178	.003	4	2.838	.005	4	.000	.012	.008	.000	.004
94028	.344	.000	8.235	.004	.081	.001	.254	.001	13	2.586	.002	8	.001	006	.000	.004	.001
111397	.014	.002	5.705	.006	.162	.009	1.126	.008	2				.006	005	006	.004	
113036	.219	.002	8.727	.003	.165	.004	.641	.008	5				.000	001	.000	003	
119537	.030	.002	6.528	.011	.171	.001	.975	.002	4				002	001	.001	.005	
120874	.037	.001	6.437	.002	.209	.000	.979	.000	23	2.904	.002	20	.000	001	001	.001	003
122866	.003	.001	6.151	.003	.179	.004	1.009	.001	4				.017	001	.002	.007	
127067	007	.000	7.121	.008	.142	.001	1.016	.008	2				.015	001	.004	.004	
134064	.033	.001	6.016	.003	.190	.001	1.017	.001	3				001	.004	.000	.000	
142908	.227	.002	5.439	.001	.159	.004	.650	.002	3	2.708	.000	3	.003	003	.002	.004	.006
143187	027	.000	6.316	.004	.145	.003	.947	.005	3	2.850	.007	2	.014	006	011	.008	.004
157373	.290	.000	6.359	.001	.123	.000	.436	.002	19	2.652	.002	18	.000	001	001	002	.000
168092	.236	.001	6.670	.001	.151	.001	.660	.001	4				.000	.000	.000	001	
Mean		.002		.006		.003		.003			.003		.004	001	.001	.003	.002
s.d.		.002		.005		.003		.003			.003		.006	.005	.005	.005	.003

Table 3. Same as Table 1 for the standard stars observed at R.G.O. (Romeo channel)

HD	(b-y)	error	$\overline{V}$	error	$m_1$	error	$c_1$	error	N	β	error	$N_{\beta}$	$\Delta(b-y)$	$\Delta(V)$	$\Delta(m_1)$	$\Delta(c_1)$	$\Delta(\beta)$
1439	007	.001	5.881	.001	.139	.001	1.071	.002	33	2.855	.001	32	.002	003	.001	001	.001
2054	019	.001	5.731	.004	.115	.003	.702	.004	4	2.774	.001	3	003	.009	.008	009	.001
16460	.358	.003	7.493	.003	.095	.004	.969	.010	2				001	010	001	.002	
21050	024	.002	6.082	.004	.151	.001	.940	.005	2	2.875	.001	2	003	002	.005	008	.003
21203	.049	.003	6.486	.001	.099	.003	.688	.003	2				006	.004	.003	.009	
22243	.005	.002	6.242	.004	.168	.001	1.057	.004	6	2.895	.002	6	001	.004	004	.011	001
23258										2.926	.005	2					006
23288	.004	.001	5.457	.001	.099	.002	.642	.004	4	2.744	.001	3	.001	.004	002	.008	.006
23324	022	.002	5.664	.004	.108	.002	.640	.001	4	2.750	.002	3	.001	.001	001	002	.000
25152	.014	.003	6.417	.009	.119	.010	.957	.001	2	2.841	.003	4	.005	007	.006	.000	003
25867	.222	.001	5.219	.005	.158	.005	.574	.013	3	2.721	.001	3	.004	.011	.001	016	001
35076	026	.004	6.449	.011	.132	.010	.871	.009	2	2.824	.006	2	.000	.011	.002	011	.006
42111	.055	.002	5.724	.004	.131	.002	1.210	.005	2	2.820	.007	2	003	010	.007	.010	007
52479	.061	.002	6.636	.006	.113	.004	1.453	.000	5	2.814	.003	5	004	.006	005	.001	010
55055										2.713	.000	2					.008
60107	.041	.000	5.277	.004	.135	.002	1.182	.001	4	2.837	.001	4	004	.000	.008	004	.005
73143										2.869	.000	2					.003
76398	.085	.001	5.448	.002	.205	.001	.971	.001	22	2.848	.002	24	001	001	.000	.001	.001
79108										2.889	.001	3					005
80064										2.867	.003	19					006
93702	.025	.001	5.311	.002	.144	.001	1.134	.001	6	2.853	.005	7	.000	.002	002	.003	.016
97585										2.808	.004	4					.026
109704										2.904	.002	6					.002
113036	.218	.004	8.726	.003	.165	.005	.643	.005	3	2.725	.002	11	.001	.000	.000	005	002
120874	.039	.001	6.433	.004	.205	.002	.986	.000	2				002	.003	.003	006	
157373	.290	.004	6.355	.004	.120	.003	.436	.003	2	2.640	.002	2	.000	.003	.002	002	.012
169578	.048	.002	6.711	.002	.084	.002	.842	.002	4	2.768	.002	4	.002	001	.001	001	.012
171301	033	.001	5.469	.004	.112	.002	.691	.003	4				.002	.001	.001	.005	
175290	.316	.002	7.986	.004	.123	.002	.449	.004	3.	2.643	.001	3	.001	.005	.002	001	008
186440	005	.001	6.106	.008	.165	.002	1.029	.003	2				.001	016	005	003	
192744	.265	.003	7.457	.006	.129	.002	.476	.001	2	2.665	.003	2	.001	003	001	.004	004
195943	.025	.002	5.395	.002	.206	.002	.989	.009	5	2.916	.005	4	002	.003	.001	006	.002
211242	021	.001	6.124	.004	.093	.003	.589	.005	3	2.697	.001	3	006	.006	.004	.000	006
222602	.058	.002	5.901	.003	.157	.003	1.090	.002	6	2.883	.001	6	001	.006	.001	001	008
223323	.300	.000	7.094	.002	.128	.005	.409	.004	2				004	014	004	.003	
223855	006	.004	6.288	.007	.153	.003	1.028	.008	3	2.902	.002	3	.001	.014	002	.006	006
Mean		.002		.004		.003		.004			.002		001	.001	.001	.000	.001
s.d.		.001		.002		.002		.003			.002		.003	.007	.004	.006	.008

Table 4. Same as Table 1 for the standard stars observed at R.G.O. (Julieta channel)

1439 2054 16460 21050 21203	006 022 .361 025	.001 .000 .001	5.881 5.728	.001	.139	001						$N_{\beta}$				$\Delta(c_1)$	
16460 21050	.361 025		5 728		.100	.001	1.071	.001	32	2.854	.001	31	.001	003	.001	001	.002
21050	025	001	0.120	.004	.126	.001	.697	.000	4	2.775	.002	4	.000	.012	003	004	.000
		.001	7.490	.006	.095	.004	.971	.004	2				004	007	001	.000	
21202		.000	6.080	.003	.154	.006	.926	.013	2	2.865	.000	2	002	.000	.002	.006	.013
	.052	.001	6.480	.000	.080	.002	.698	.004	2				009	.010	.022	001	
22243	.010	.000	6.239	.002	.169	.002	1.065	.006	6	2.896	.001	6	006	.007	005	.003	002
23288	.003	.000	5.462	.001	.103	.000	.640	.001	4	2.741	.002	3	.002	001	006	.010	.009
23324	019	.001	5.659	.008	.107	.003	.642	.001	4	2.741	.004	4	002	.006	.000	004	.009
25152	.019	.001	6.393	.001	.115	.010	.954	.009	2	2.841	.007	3	.000	.017	.010	.003	003
25867	.223	.000	5.225	.004	.163	.002	.566	.007	3	2.717	.002	3	.003	.005	004	008	.003
42111	.055	.002	5.722	.006	.134	.004	1.215	.006	2				003	008	.004	.005	
52479	.056	.003	6.628	.003	.108	.001	1.457	.003	5	2.810	.002	5	.001	.014	.000	003	006
60107	.038	.003	5.275	.000	.141	.003	1.178	.000	3	2.838	.006	3	001	.002	.002	.000	.004
73143										2.865	.006	2					.007
76398	.086	.001	5.450	.001	.205	.001	.970	.002	18	2.849	.002	26	002	003	.000	.002	.000
79108										2.886	.002	3					002
80064										2.870	.002	17					009
93702	.023	.000	5.313	.002	.146	.002	1.131	.002	5	2.844	.003	7	.002	.000	004	.006	.025
97585										2.829	.007	5					.005
109704										2.907	.001	5					001
113036	.218	.001	8.725	.003	.165	.005	.643	.005	3	2.724	.002	11	.001	.001	.000	005	001
120874	.042	.001	6.438	.000	.199	.000	.991	.007	2	2.923	.004	2	005	002	.009	011	022
157373	.284	.001	6.357	.000	.125	.003	.436	.001	2	2.650	.008	2	.006	.001	003	002	.002
169578	.047	.001	6.711	.004	.085	.004	.842	.002	4	2.771	.004	4	.003	001	.000	001	.009
171301	031	.001	5.471	.003	.109	.001	.687	.005	4				.000	001	.004	.009	
175290	.319	.001	7.988	.003	.122	.001	.450	.005	3	2.644	.002	3	002	.003	.003	002	009
186440	004	.002	6.083	.008	.160	.006	1.022	.012	2	2.910	.008	2	.000	.007	.000	.004	.001
192744	.271	.002	7.454	.000	.123	.005	.479	.002	2	2.669	.000	2	005	.000	.005	.001	008
195922	.059	.004	6.541	.008	.151	.004	1.110	.007	2	2.848	.009	2	002	.011	.001	014	004
195943	.024	.003	5.397	.007	.208	.001	.970	.004	5	2.920	.005	4	001	.001	001	.013	002
211242	022	.001	6.131	.002	.091	.002	.589	.004	3	2.701	.002	3	005	001	.006	.000	010
222602	.059	.001	5.904	.003	.159	.001	1.081	.003	6	2.883	.002	6	002	.003	001	.008	008
223323	.299	.000	7.089	.001	.120	.000	.406	.001	2				003	009	.004	.006	
223855	011	.006	6.295	.003	.157	.006	1.024	.005	3	2.902	.005	3	.006	.007	006	.010	006
Mean		.001		.003		.003		.004			.003		001	.002	.001	.001	.000
s.d.		.001		.003		.002		.003			.003		.003	.006	.006	.006	.009